VILLAGE OF ORLAND HILLS, ILLINOIS ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2017



ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT April 30, 2017

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PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS



VILLAGE OF ORLAND HILLS, ILLINOIS

PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

April 30, 2017

LEGISLATIVE

Village Board of Trustees

Kyle R. Hastings, President

Curt Petrey Tracy Roti

Kyle R. Hastings II Candice Morrison

Joseph Janachowski Marcia Kissane

Jennifer Iannantone, Clerk

APPOINTED OFFICIAL

Conrad Kiebles, Village Administrator



FINANCIAL SECTION



VILLAGE OF ORLAND HILLS, ILLINOIS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Board of Trustees Village of Orland Hills, Illinois

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Orland Hills, Illinois, as of and for the year ended April 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Orland Hills, Illinois, as of April 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of funding progress, schedules of employer contributions, schedules of changes in Village net pension liability and related ratios, schedule of investment returns and budgetary comparison information on pages 3–13 and 66–75 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted

in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village of Orland Hills, Illinois' basic financial statements. The schedules or revenues and expenditures, combining nonmajor fund financial statements, list of principal officials and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedules of revenues and expenditures and combining nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedules of revenues and expenditures and combining nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The list of principal officials and statistical section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Hillside, Illinois October 18, 2017

I W & associates, P.C.

As management of the Village of Orland Hills (the "Village") we offer readers of the Village's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Village for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2017. Since the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is designed to focus on the current year's activities, resulting changes and currently known facts, it should be read in conjunction with the Village's financial statements.

Financial Highlights

- The Village's net position as of April 30, 2017 is \$10.7 million as compared to \$13.1 million in the prior year. Of the total net position, \$20.3 million is invested in capital assets net of related debt, \$0.2 million is restricted and there is a \$9.8 million deficit in unrestricted net position.
- As noted on the government wide statement of activities, total revenues for the Village as a whole for the year ended April 30, 2017 fell short of total expenses by \$2.4 million.
- At the end of the fiscal year, the fund balance of the General Fund as shown on the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance was a deficit of \$887,807 after a gain for the year of \$131,969.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Village's basic financial statements. The Village's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Using the Financial Section of this Annual Report

The financial statement's focus is on the Village as a whole and on the major individual funds. Both perspectives allow the readers to address relevant questions, broaden the basis for comparison and enhance the reader's understanding of the statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to be corporate like.

The Statement of Net Position combines and consolidates governmental funds current financial resources with capital assets and long term obligations. It uses the accrual basis of accounting and economic resources measurement focus.

The Statement of Activities is focused on both the growth and the new costs of various activities. These activities are supported by the government's general taxes and other resources. This is intended to summarize and simplify the users' analysis of the costs of various governmental services.

The governmental activities reflect the Village's basic services, which include administration, public safety, highways and streets and culture and recreation. Property taxes, shared state taxes and local utility taxes finance the majority of these services.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Village uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Village can be included into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed view of the Village's operations and the services it provides. Governmental fund information helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Village's programs. Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near -term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Village maintains fifteen individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund and Motor Fuel Tax Fund both of which are considered to be major funds. Major funds are defined as the General Fund and other funds where the assets and deferred outflows of resources, the liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenue or expenditures of that fund are at least ten percent of the corresponding total for all governmental funds, since the Village has no enterprise funds.

Data forming the remaining governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated column presentation. Individual fund data information for these non-major governmental funds is provided elsewhere in the report.

The basic governmental fund financial statements (including the reconciliation) can be found on pages 14-21 of this report.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the Village. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Village's own programs. The fiduciary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Police Pension Fund. The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found of pages 20-21 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the information provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page 22.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements, this report also includes certain required supplementary information related to the budgetary information and the Village's funding progress of the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund, Police Pension Fund and other postemployment benefits and the budgetary to actual statements for the General Fund and Motor Fuel Tax Fund which is the only major special revenue fund. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 66-76. The combining statements dealing with the non-major governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE VILLAGE'S GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Position

The following chart reflects the Condensed Statement of Net Position (in millions):

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

April 30, 2017 and 2016

	· <u>·</u>	<u> 2017</u>	<u>2016</u>		
Assets:					
Current assets	\$	2.2	\$	2.5	
Capital assets, net		20.6		21.1	
Total assets		22.8		23.6	
Total deferred outflows					
of resources		1.7		2.1	
Liabilities:					
Current liabilities		2.2		2.5	
Long-term liabilities		10.5		9.6	
Total liabilities		12.7		12.1	
Total deferred inflows					
of resources		1.1		0.3	
Net position:					
Invested in capital assets -net		20.3		20.8	
Restricted		0.2		0.3	
Unrestricted		(9.8)		(8.0)	
Total net position	\$	10.7	\$	13.1	

The 2017 assets as described above are composed of cash and investments valued at \$1.0 million (4% of total assets), \$1.1 million of intergovernmental and taxes receivable (5% of total assets) and capital assets net of accumulated depreciation of \$20.6 million (90% of total assets). The liabilities as described above are composed of accounts payable of \$0.7 million (6% of total liabilities), property tax refunds due to Cook County of \$0.4 million (3% of total liabilities), an amount owed to the Illinois Department of Transportation ("IDOT") for the Village's share of a road construction project of \$0.3 million (2% of total liabilities), accrued payroll and other liabilities of \$0.7 million (6% of total liabilities), \$2.2 million of long term debt due within one year (18% of total liabilities) and \$8.3 million of long term debt due in more than one year (65% of total liabilities). Long term liabilities increased by \$0.9 million due to the increase

in claims payable related to pending litigation against the Village that is expected to be remediated during fiscal year 2018.

Statement of Activities

The following chart reflects the Condensed Statement of Activities (in millions):

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

April 30, 2017 and 2016

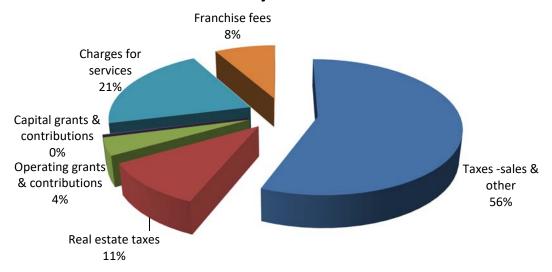
	2017	2016
Revenues:		
Program Revenues:		
Charges for services	\$ 1.1	\$ 1.1
Operating grants and contributions	0.2	0.2
Capital grants and contributions	-	0.1
General Revenues:		
Property taxes	0.6	0.6
State sales tax	1.3	1.6
Other taxes	1.7	1.8
Other	0.6	 0.5
Total revenues	5.5	5.9
Expenses:		
General government	2.8	2.6
Public safety	3.1	2.9
Culture and recreation	0.7	0.7
Highway and streets	 1.3	 1.1
Total expenses	7.9	7.3
Change in net position	(2.4)	(1.4)
Net position - beginning	13.1	 14.5
Net position - ending	10.7	13.1

Total revenues for fiscal 2017 decreased about 7% from the prior fiscal year. The most significant change was a decrease in state sales tax revenue.

Total expenses for fiscal 2017 increased by \$0.6 million. The most significant changes within expenses was an increase in general government expense which was primarily the result of an increase in claims expense as compared to the prior year.

Revenue by Source - 2017

Revenue by Source - 2017



FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE VILLAGE'S FUNDS

Governmental Funds

The following chart reflects a condensed comparison of 2017 and 2016 revenues and expenditures:

Revenues	<u>2017</u> <u>2016</u>			<u>2016</u>	Increase (Decrease)		
	۲	E 212 0E4	۲.	F F12 702	,	(200.040)	
General Fund	\$	5,213,854	\$	5,512,703	\$	(298,849)	
Motor Fuel Tax Fund		225,255		342,044		(116,789)	
Nonmajor Funds		118,564		137,006		(18,442)	
Total Revenues	\$	5,557,673	\$	\$ 5,991,753		(434,080)	
Expenditures							
General Fund	\$	5,156,731	\$	5,014,652	\$	142,079	
Motor Fuel Tax Fund		352,829		169,274		183,555	
Nonmajor Funds		109,085		98,118		10,967	
Total Expenditures	\$	5,618,645	\$	5,282,044	\$	336,601	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
General Fund	\$	74,846	\$	182,299	\$	(107,453)	
Motor Fuel Tax Fund		-		-		-	
Nonmajor Funds				(124,496)		124,496	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	74,846	\$	57,803	\$	17,043	

Revenues

General Fund revenues were down 5% from the prior year primarily as a result of a decrease of intergovernmental revenue, namely sales tax revenues. In the previous year, the Village of Tinley Park paid back sales taxes of \$326k to the Village as the result of an intergovernmental agreement. Current year revenue related to the agreement was only \$69k. Motor fuel tax revenues dropped by 34% due to the Village not receiving grant revenue in the current year.

Expenditures

General Fund expenditures increased by 3% over the prior year. Increases in administration and police expenditures were primarily responsible for the overall increase.

Budgetary Highlights

The following chart reflects the condensed budgetary comparison schedule for the General Fund:

	Budget		 Actual	Variance		
Revenues						
Taxes	\$	1,385,247	\$ 1,556,082	ç	170,835	
Intergovernmental		2,584,273	2,162,652		(421,621)	
Other		1,292,520	1,495,120		202,600	
Total revenues		5,262,040	5,213,854		(48,186)	
Expenditures		5,137,543	 5,156,731		19,188	
Excess of revenues over						
(under) expenditures		124,497	 57,123	_	(67,374)	
Other financing sources (uses)						
Other financing sources		427,000	74,846		352,154	
Other financing uses		(551,000)	 -	_	(551,000)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		(124,000)	74,846		(198,846)	
Change in fund balance	\$	497	\$ 131,969	Ç	(266,220)	

The major variances between actual and budget include the following:

- Tax revenues exceeded budget by about 12% primarily due to property tax revenues exceeding the budgeted amount by nearly \$200,000 because property taxes related to the police pension fund are not budgeted for nor are the offsetting pension contribution expenditures;
- Intergovernmental revenues were below budget by about 16% primarily due to sales tax revenues from the Village of Tinley Park pursuant to an intergovernmental agreement being recognized in fiscal 2016 but budgeted for in fiscal 2017;
- Expenditures exceed budget by about 4% primarily due to personal services costs exceeding budget.

There were no amendments to the original budget ordinance during the year.

CAPITAL ASSETS

Governmental Activities Change in Capital Assets

		Net	
	Balance	Additions/	Balance
	April 30, 2016	<u>Deletions</u>	April 30, 2017
Non-depreciable assets - land	\$ 10,133,189	\$ -	\$ 10,133,189
Depreciable capital assets			-
Land improvements	643,328	10,026	653,354
Buildings & Improvements	4,199,899	-	4,199,899
Equipment	1,184,644	66,443	1,251,087
Infrastructure	18,158,714	-	18,158,714
Accumulated depreciation	(13,216,553)	(565,880)	(13,782,433)
Total capital assets, net	\$ 21,103,221	\$ (489,411)	\$ 20,613,810

Capital asset additions included a rooftop HVAC unit, a 2015 Ford Police Interceptor, a 2017 Ford F250 with attached plow, playground equipment and a phone system. Depreciation expense for the year was \$586,159. More detailed information can be found in Note 4 to the financial statements.

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

At April 30, 2017, the Village had outstanding debt as follows:

South Suburban Mayors Debt Cert 2013	\$222,858
Capital leases	94,369
Net pension liability	7,351,802
OPEB – Health Insurance for Retirees (PSEBA Act)	521,619
Compensated absences	167,800
Total long-term debt	<u>\$8,358,448</u>

The Village's debt decreased by approximately \$276,906 this year. This was due to:

- The increase of capital leases payable by \$42,379 as a result of new capital leases
- The reduction of the Debt Certificate Payable by \$55,714 due to scheduled payments
- An increase of compensated absences by over \$32,318
- A decrease of \$351,652 in the Net Pension Liability and
- An increase of about \$55,763 in the OPEB Health Insurance for Retirees (PSEBA Act).

State statutes limit the amount of debt that a local government may issue. In the current fiscal year, that limit was 8.625% of the total equalized assess value of the Village, or \$11.4 million.

Economic Factors

The Village President and Board of Trustees continue to promote economic growth and development in the Village of Orland Hills. As the national and local recession has slowly improved, the Village has generated moderate growth from both residential and commercial improvements.

The Village President and the Board of Trustees continue to increase services available to residents while consciously making an effort to minimize their property tax burden. Cultural and recreational activities, general infrastructure improvements, and maintenance and repair of public facilities will continue to be funded by motor fuel taxes, grants and other revenue generating sources.

This year shows additional improvement and the Village continues to embrace varied opportunities to foster revenue growth. The State of Illinois approved Video Gaming as a new source of revenue for both the state and municipalities. Orland Hills has supported this state-wide program and continues to see benefits from this effort. Video gaming revenue continues to increase. The past fiscal year yielded more than \$100,000 in revenue. The Village is on a pace for expected growth in revenue of 3-5% for the next fiscal year.

In April 2012, an Off-Track Betting (OTB) establishment located in Orland Hills. The business has become established and continues to develop a growing clientele. This past fiscal year, Off-Track Betting generated additional revenue to the Village. The revenue trend indicates that the Village is on course to see moderate growth in OTB revenue during the next fiscal year.

Economic development opportunities for the vacant property on the western end of Orland Hills remain as new potential. The Village anticipates the recapture of \$270,000 in fees with the establishment of new development in that area over the next few years.

The Village's efforts to attract new sales tax producing businesses in town continue to be a high priority. Businesses have found favor with Orland Hills' business relationship methods and practices. The prospects for increased commercial development remain strong. Recent developments and Village meetings indicate that several corporations, business owners and developers are interested in Orland Hills sites and buildings. Efforts by the Village show promise in expansion of the business commercial area over the next few years.

Over the past three years, the Village has had to reimburse the County of Cook for almost \$1.25 million of property tax rebates which were granted by the Property Tax Appeal Board (PTAB) to businesses in town. Irresponsible actions of the Property Tax Appeal Board place municipalities, such as Orland Hills, in an awkward and exposed position. The Village has and will continue to oppose appeal awards.

A recent effort by the Village has been undertaken to enforce an Intergovernmental Agreement (IGA) between Orland Hills and a neighboring town to collect sales tax on commercial property. The Village

was successful in this endeavor and realized a one-time large cash payment to be followed up with triannual (three times per year) payments for the next 80+ years.

Over the past twenty years, the Village has reduced reliance on property taxes to balance the budget. The Orland Hills tax rate has been reduced by approximately thirty per cent (30%) over that time. As we enter the new fiscal year, the Village continues to reduce expenses and minimize overtime labor costs whenever possible.

Contacting the Village's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the Village's finances. Questions concerning this report or requests for additional financial information should be directed to the Village Administrator, Village of Orland Hills, 16033 South 94th Ave, Orland Hills, Illinois 60487-4623. E-mails may be directed to contact@orlandhills.org.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



VILLAGE OF ORLAND HILLS, ILLINOIS

VILLAGE OF ORLAND HILLS, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION APRIL 30, 2017

Assets	Governmental Activities
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 232,896
Short-term investments	785,627
Taxes receivable	351,178
Intergovernmental receivables	762,009
Accounts receivable	73,195
Prepaid items	21,266
Capital assets not being depreciated	10,133,189
Capital assets being depreciated	10,480,621
Total assets	22,839,981
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Related to pensions	1,654,584
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,654,584
Liabilities	
Current	
Accounts payable	709,094
Accrued payroll	106,574
Due to police pension	612,110
Due to other entities	777,040
Other payables	472
Interest payable	1,794
Long-term debt, due within one year	
Capital leases payable	42,594
Debt certificates payable	55,714
Claims payable	2,150,000
Long term	
Long-term debt, due in more than one year	
Capital leases payable	51,775
Net pension liability	7,351,802
Other postemployment benefits obligation	521,619
Debt certificates payable	167,144
Compensated absences	167,800
Total liabilities	12,715,532
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Related to pension	813,368
Unearned revenue	266,817
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,080,185
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	20,296,583
Restricted for highways & streets	215,408
Restricted for other	28,920
Unrestricted net position	(9,842,063)
Total net position	\$ 10,698,848

VILLAGE OF ORLAND HILLS, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2017

	Program Revenues															
										Changes in let Position						
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Fees, Fines & Charges for Services		Charges for		Charges for		Charges for		•	ating Grants ontributions	•	tal Grants and ributions	Go	ry Government overnmental Activities
-																
Governmental Activities General government	\$	2,828,074	\$	593,740	\$	21,576	\$	_	\$	(2,212,758)						
Public safety	Y	3,050,897	Ţ	409,375	Ų	4,649	Y	_	Ţ	(2,636,873)						
Culture and recreation		679,334		115,354				_		(563,980)						
Highways and streets		1,412,503		-		199,957		7,505		(1,205,041)						
Interest on debt		9,829		_		-		-		(9,829)						
Total	\$	7,980,637	\$	1,118,469	\$	226,182	\$	7,505		(6,628,481)						
	Gono	ral Revenues														
	Tax															
		Property taxes								572,523						
		State sales tax								1,298,963						
		Non home-rule s	ales tax	,						609,736						
		ncome tax	ares tax	•						677,006						
		Other taxes								444,253						
	Fra	nchise fees								441,863						
	Inve	estment income								3,818						
	Oth	er general reve	nues							148,994						
	Gai	n/(Loss) on Disp	osal of	Assets						(25,963)						
		Total general r	evenues	5						4,171,193						
	(Change in net po	sition							(2,457,288)						
	Net F	Position - Beginr	ning							13,156,136						
	Net P	osition - Ending	S						\$	10,698,848						

VILLAGE OF ORLAND HILLS, ILLINOIS BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS APRIL 30, 2017

	Major Funds							
	General Fund		Motor Fuel Tax			onmajor ernmental	Go	Total vernmental
				Fund	Funds		Funds	
Assets						00.750		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	101,745	\$	42,389	\$	88,762	\$	232,896
Short-term investments		608,196		168,630		8,801		785,627
Taxes receivable		325,299		-		25,879		351,178
Intergovernmental receivables		746,356		15,653		-		762,009
Accounts receivable		73,195		-		-		73,195
Prepaid items		21,266		-		-		21,266
Due from other funds		53,568		<u>-</u>		42,354		95,922
Total assets	\$	1,929,625	\$	226,672	\$	165,796	\$	2,322,093
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources								
and Fund Balances								
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	692,913	\$	11,264	\$	4,917	\$	709,094
Accrued payroll		106,574		-		-		106,574
Other liabilities		472		-		_		472
Due to other entities		777,040		-		_		777,040
Due to police pension fund		612,110		-		_		612,110
Due to other funds		42,354		-		53,568		95,922
Total liabilities		2,231,463		11,264		58,485		2,301,212
Deferred inflows of resources								
Unearned revenues		585,969		-		-		585,969
Total deferred inflows of resources		585,969				-		585,969
Fund balances (deficits) Nonspendable								
Prepaid items		21,266						21,266
Restricted		21,200		-		-		21,200
Debt service						108		108
		-		215,408		28,812		
Other purposes		-		215,406				244,220
Assigned		(000 073)		-		131,958		131,958
Unassigned		(909,073)		245 400		(53,567)		(962,640)
Total fund balances (deficits)		(887,807)		215,408		107,311		(565,088)
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	<u>,</u>	1 020 625	.	226 672	.	465.706	ć	2 222 002
resources and fund balances	\$	1,929,625	\$	226,672	\$	165,796	\$	2,322,093

VILLAGE OF ORLAND HILLS, ILLINOIS RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION APRIL 30, 2017

Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$	(565,088)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. These assets consist of:		
Governmental capital assets 34,396,242 Less accumulated depreciation (13,782,432 Net capital assets		20,613,810
Deferred inflows and outlows related to the net pension liability are not curren financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds		
Deferred outflows of resources 1,654,584 Deferred inflows of resources (813,368)		841,216
Deferred revenues for sales tax, use tax, income tax and utilities taxes reported in the governmental funds that do not provide current financial resources are recognized as revenues for the government-wide financial statements		319,152
Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized when due.		(1,794)
Some liabilities reported in the Statement of Net Position do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as liabilities in governmental funds. These liabilities consist of:		
Claims payable Provision for compensated absences (167,800 Provision for net pension liability (7,351,802 Provision for other postemployment benefits obligation Capital leases Debt certificates payable (2,150,000 (167,800 (7,351,802 (7,351,80)) ;) ;)	
Total long-term liabilities		(10,508,448)
Net position of governmental activities	\$	10,698,848

VILLAGE OF ORLAND HILLS, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2017

	Major Funds						
	Ge	neral Fund	Motor Fuel Tax Fund		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total
Revenues							
Taxes	\$	1,556,082	\$	24,260	\$	113,725	\$ 1,694,067
Licenses and permits		175,682		-		-	175,682
Intergovernmental revenue		2,162,652		181,320		-	2,343,972
Fees and charges for services		730,362		-		-	730,362
Fines		404,429		-		-	404,429
Investment income		2,590		1,038		190	3,818
Other revenue		182,057		18,637		4,649	205,343
Total revenues		5,213,854		225,255		118,564	5,557,673
Expenditures							
Current							
Administration		1,154,201		-		106,334	1,260,535
Building and zoning department		161,872		-		-	161,872
Police department		2,406,538		-		2,751	2,409,289
Fire and police commission		375		-		-	375
ESDA		1,684		-		-	1,684
Parks and recreation		524,425		-		-	524,425
Orland Towne Village festival		21,150		-		-	21,150
Concession stand/ seniors		3,052		-		-	3,052
Special transportation		86,244		-		-	86,244
Highways and streets		666,727		129,223		-	795,950
Flood prevention		3,403		-		-	3,403
Capital outlay		28,595		223,606		-	252,201
Debt service - principal retired		88,181		-		-	88,181
Debt service - interest and fees		10,284		-		-	10,284
Total expenditures		5,156,731		352,829		109,085	 5,618,645
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over Expenditures		57,123		(127,574)		9,479	 (60,972)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Capital lease proceeds		74,846					74,846
Total other financing sources (uses)		74,846		-			 74,846
Net Change in Fund Balances		131,969		(127,574)		9,479	 13,874
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		(1,019,776)		342,982		97,832	 (578,962)
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$	(887,807)	\$	215,408	\$	107,311	\$ (565,088)

RECONCILIATION OF STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2017

Net change in fund balance of governmental funds	\$	13,874
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because of the following:		
Some taxes were not collected for several months after the close of the fiscal year and therefore were not considered to be "available" and are not reported as revenue in the governmental funds.		(8,361)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds		
Change in net pension liability 351,652 Change in other postemployment benefits obligation (55,763) Change in accrued interest on bonds 455		296,344
Change in deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources are not included in the governmental funds		
Deferred outflows of resources (423,930) Deferred inflows of resources (755,422)		(1,179,352)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets:		
Capital outlay 122,712		
Loss on disposal of capital assets (25,963))	
Depreciation (586,159)		
Capital outlay in excess of depreciation	=	(489,410)
The issuance of long term debt is shown as an other financing source in governmental funds while governmental activities report long term debt		
Capital lease issuance		(74,846)
Claims payable represent an estimated long term liability not accounted for in the governmental funds		(1,071,400)
Repayment of principal on long-term debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position		
Bond principal retirement 55,714		
Capital leases payable 32,467		
Increase in compensated absences (32,318))	
Total retirement of debt		55,863
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	(2,457,288)

VILLAGE OF ORLAND HILLS, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND APRIL 30, 2017

	Public Employee Retirement Plan
Assets	
Investments - at fair value	
Cash	93,364
Money Market Mutual Funds	66,308
Corporate bonds	747,471
U.S. Agencies	670,345
Mortgage Backed Securities	4,376
State and Municipal Bonds	129,217
Certificate of Deposit	70,529
Mutual Funds	15,317
Annuities	315,591
Total investments	2,112,518
Receivables	
Due from Village	612,110
Accrued interest on investments	21,496
Total receivables	633,606
Total assets	2,746,124
Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	225
Total liabilities	225
Net Position	
Plan net position restricted for pension benefits	\$ 2,745,899

VILLAGE OF ORLAND HILLS, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2017

	Public Employee Retirement Plan	
Additions		
Employer contributions		
Property taxes	\$	223,485
Employee contributions		67,397
Total contributions		290,882
Investment income		
Net appreciation in fair value of investments		(31,423)
Interest and dividends on investments		76,682
		45,259
Less investment expense		(5,584)
Net investment income		39,675
Total additions		330,557
Deductions		
Benefits and refunds		335,614
Administrative expenses		7,259
Total deductions		342,873
Change in Plan Net Position		(12,316)
Net Position Restricted for Pension Benefits		
Beginning of Year		2,758,215
End of Year	\$	2,745,899

Notes to financial statements April 30, 2017

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Village of Orland Hills, Illinois ("Village"), have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applicable to government, as promulgated by the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The following is a summary of the significant policies:

Reporting Entity

The Village of Orland Hills is a municipal corporation governed by an elected Village president and six-member Village board.

In 2014, the Village adopted the provisions of the Governmental Accounting Standard Board ("GASB") Statement No. 61, "The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34" which modifies certain requirements for inclusion of component units in the financial reporting entity. An organization is considered a component unit of the primary government if 1) the government appoints a voting majority of the organization's board and there is a financial benefit or burden relationship or the government is able to impose its will on the organization or 2) the organization is fiscally dependent on the government and there is a financial benefit or burden relationship or 3) the government determines that it would be misleading to exclude the organization from its financial statements.

Based on the foregoing criteria, the Village does not exercise oversight responsibility over any other entity and thus does not include other entities in the Village's financial statements.

The Village's police employees participate in a police pension employee's retirement system (PPERS). The PPERS functions for the benefit of these employees and is governed by a 5 member board consisting of two members appointed by the Village's president, one elected pension beneficiary, and two elected police employees. The Village and the PPERS participants are obligated to fund all PPERS costs based upon actuarial valuations. The State of Illinois is authorized to establish benefit levels and the Village is authorized to approve the actuarial assumptions used in the determination of contributions levels.

Although it possesses many characteristics of a legally separate government, PPERS is reported as if it were part of the primary government because its sole purpose is to finance and administer the pensions of the Village's police employees and because of the fiduciary nature of such activities. PPERS is reported as a pension trust fund. The financial statements of the Police Pension fund as of and for the fiscal year April 30, 2017, are blended in the Village's basic financial statements as a pension trust fund.

Notes to financial statements April 30, 2017

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The Village's basic financial statements consist of both the government-wide financial statements, including a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities, and the fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information. The government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the village as an entity and the change in aggregate financial position resulting from activities of the fiscal period.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on activities of the Village, except for fiduciary funds. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements excluding interfund services provided. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the Village at year end. The Statement of Net Position includes all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources as well as the capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and long-term debt associated with the operation of the Village.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenue include 1) fines, fees, and charges to customers, citizens, and applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Nonmajor funds are reported in the supplementary information.

Notes to financial statements April 30, 2017

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements

During the year, the Village segregates transactions related to certain Village functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the Village at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds.

A major fund is defined as the Village's General Fund as well as any other fund where either the assets and deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows, revenues or expenditures of that fund are at least ten percent of the corresponding total for all governmental funds, since the Village has no enterprise funds. The Village's management may select as a major fund any other fund not meeting the above criteria if they believe the fund is of particular importance to the user of the financial statements. The Village has identified the Motor Fuel Tax Fund as a major fund. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

The fiduciary fund is reported at the fund financial statement level as a separate fund type and is not included in the government-wide financial statements.

Since capital assets and long-term debt are concerned only with the measurement of financial position as of the date of the end of the reporting period, neither of these are reported in fund financial statements. Both items are included in the government-wide financial statements.

Fund Accounting

The Village uses funds to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities.

Funds are classified as: governmental or fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of the Village's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of earmarked monies (special revenue funds), the acquisitions or construction of general capital assets (capital project funds), and the servicing of general long-term debt (debt service funds). The General Fund is used to account for all activities of the Village not accounted for in some other fund.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments, or on behalf of other funds within the Village. When these assets are held under the terms of a formal trust agreement, a permanent fund is used. Agency funds are generally used to account for assets that the Village holds on behalf of others as their agent. The pension trust fund accounts for the Police Pension fund, which accumulates resources for pension benefit payments to retired police personnel.

Notes to financial statements April 30, 2017

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are intended to finance. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. The government-wide financial statements also include activity related to the purchase, depreciation and year end balances of capital assets as well as year end balances and activity related to long-term debt.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Village considered revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the year.

Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due or when amounts have been accumulated in the debt service fund for payment to be made early in the following year.

Property taxes, sales tax, franchise tax, motor fuel tax, utility tax, police citations, hotel tax, income tax and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The Village reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> is the general operating fund of the Village. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Motor Fuel Tax Fund</u> is used to account for the motor fuel tax revenues received, including interest income, for the purpose of street maintenance.

Notes to financial statements April 30, 2017

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

In addition to the major funds mentioned above, the Village uses the following fund types:

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> is used to account for the Village's purchase or construction of major capital facilities, which are not financed by other funds.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> are used to account for the Village's accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt, principal, interest, and related costs.

Fiduciary Funds

<u>Trust Funds</u> are used to account for assets held by the government in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or funds. These include pension trust funds. Pension trust funds are accounted for in essentially the same manner as propriety funds since capital maintenance is critical.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Amounts reported as program revenues include: 1) charges to customers for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenue rather than as program revenue. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Village's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

The Village reports unearned revenues on its governmental fund statements. Unearned revenues arise when resources are received by the Village before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. When the Village has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the combined balance sheet and the revenue is recognized.

Assets, Liabilities and Net Position

Cash and Investments

The Village's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. State statutes authorize the Village to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds, repurchase agreements, and the Illinois Funds.

Investments are stated at fair value. The investment with the State Treasurer's Illinois Funds is at fair value, which is the same value as the pooled shares. State statute requires the State Treasurer's Illinois Funds to comply with the Illinois Public Funds Investment Act (30 ILCS 235).

Notes to financial statements April 30, 2017

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, and similar items), are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Village as assets with an initial, individual cost above a set dollar threshold based on the asset type (see chart below). All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

All reported capital assets except land and construction in progress are depreciated. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Capital Asset Category</u>	Capitalization <u>Threshold</u>		Estimated <u>Useful Life</u>
Land	\$	25,000	n/a
Land improvements		20,000	n/a
Site improvements		20,000	3 - 50 years
Building		50,000	10 - 50 years
Building improvements		25,000	10 - 20 years
Vehicles, machinery, equipment		5,000	3 - 50 years
Software		25,000	2 - 7 years
Infrastructure - street network		50,000	10 - 75 years
Infrastructure - water network		75,000	10 - 75 years
Infrastructure - sanitary sewer		75,000	10 - 75 years
Infrastructure - storm sewer		50,000	10 - 75 years

Receivables and Payables

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "interfund receivables/payables" (i.e., the current portion of loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (I.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Notes to financial statements April 30, 2017

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Interfund Transfers

These represent flows of assets without equivalent flows of assets in return and without a requirement for repayment. In governmental funds, transfers are reported as other financing uses/sources. In proprietary funds, transfers are reported after non-operating revenues and expenses. In the government-wide financial statements, interfund amounts are eliminated except for residual amounts between governmental and business-type activities, which are labeled internal balances or transfers.

Compensated Absences

It is the Village's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. No liability is reported for unpaid accumulated sick leave as it is not paid to employees upon termination of employment. The government-wide financial statements record unused vacation leave as expenses and liabilities when earned by employees.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources refers to a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditures) until then. The item that qualifies for reporting in this category for the Village relates to their pension plans and is reported in the government-wide statement of net position. The Village reports deferred inflows of resources on the government-wide and fund financial statements. Deferred inflows of resources are recorded when assets are acquired that apply to a future reporting period. Property taxes which have been deemed to be measurable but not available or have been levied for use in the subsequent period represent deferred inflows of resources. An amount related to the pension plan also is reported in the government-wide statement of net position as a deferred inflow. In addition, deferred inflows of resources arise when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period in governmental funds.

Notes to financial statements April 30, 2017

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Statements

Differences occur from the manner in which the governmental fund and the government-wide financial statements are prepared because of the inclusion of capital asset and long-term debt activity. Governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the Village-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Property Tax Revenue Recognition

Property taxes attach retroactively as an enforceable lien on January 1 of the levy year. They are levied in December by passage of a Tax Levy Ordinance. Tax bills are prepared by the County and issued on or about March 1 and August 1 the following year. They are payable in two installments on or about April 1 and thirty days after release of the second billing which is generally between August and November of the current year. The County collects such taxes and remits them periodically. Property tax revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available.

Fund Equity

GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, established criteria for classifying governmental fund balances into specifically defined classifications. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report aggregate amounts for five classifications of fund balances based on the constraints imposed on the use of these resources.

Nonspendable fund balance – includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form – prepaid items or inventories; or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted fund balance – includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes, that is, when constraints placed on the use of resources are either: 1) externally imposed by creditors such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors or laws or regulation of other governments: or 2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance – includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Village's highest level of decision-making authority. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit those amounts. The Village's highest level of decision-making authority rests with the Village Board. The Village has not committed fund balances at April 30, 2017.

Notes to financial statements April 30, 2017

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assigned fund balance – includes amounts that are constrained by the Village's intent to be used for specific purposes, but that are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the following:

1) the Village Board; 2) a body or official to which the Village has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for a specific purpose. The Village has not delegated authority to any other body or official to assign amounts for a specific purpose within the General Fund. Within the other governmental fund types (special revenue, debt service, capital projects) resources are assigned in accordance with the established fund purposes and approved budget/appropriation. Residual fund balances in these fund types that are not restricted or committed are reported as assigned.

Unassigned fund balance – includes the residual fund balance that has not been restricted, committed or assigned within the General Fund and unassigned deficit fund balances of other governmental funds.

Unless specifically identified, expenditures act to reduce restricted balances first, and then committed balances, next are assigned balances, and finally unassigned balances. Expenditures for a specifically identified purpose will act to reduce the specific classification of fund balance that is identified.

The Village has no fund balance reserve policy for governmental funds.

Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Eliminations and Reclassifications

In the process of aggregating information for the government-wide statements, some amounts reported as interfund activity and/or interfund balances in the fund financial statements are eliminated or reclassified.

Notes to financial statements April 30, 2017

NOTE 2 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

BUDGETARY INFORMATION

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds. Budget amounts are as originally adopted by the Board. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

EXPENDITURES OVER BUDGET

For the year ended April 30, 2017, expenditures/expenses exceeded budget as follows:

			Over
	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Budget</u>
General Fund	\$ 5,137,543	\$ 5,156,731	\$ 19,188
Motor Fuel Tax	350,324	352,829	2,505
Integrity Fund III	-	1,315	1,315
Police Pension	323,508	348,457	24,949
Tourism Fund	91,000	106,334	15,334

DEFICIT FUND BALANCES

As of April 30, 2017, the following funds had deficit fund balances:

General Fund	\$ 887,807
Incremental Sales Tax Fund	53.567

The Village plans to recover these deficits through future revenues or transfers of surplus cash when such cash is available.

NOTE 3 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Cash

The carrying amount of cash, excluding the Pension Trust Fund, was \$232,896 at April 30, 2017, while the bank balances were \$261,765. All account balances at banks were insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) for \$250,000 or collateralized with securities of the U.S. government or with letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank held in the Village's name by financial institutions acting as the Village agent.

Notes to financial statements April 30, 2017

NOTE 3 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

The investments that the Village may purchase are limited by Illinois law to the following: (1) securities which are fully guaranteed by the U.S. government as to principal and interest; (2) certain U.S. government agency securities; (3) certificates of deposit or time deposits of banks and savings and loan associations which are insured by a federal corporation; (4) short-term discounts obligations of the Federal National Mortgage Association; (5) certain short-term obligations of corporations (commercial paper) rated in the highest classifications by at least two of the major rating services; (6) fully collateralized repurchase agreements; (7) the State Treasurer's Illinois and Prime Funds; and (8) money market mutual funds and certain other instruments.

The following schedule reports the fair values and maturities for the Village's governmental fund investments at April 30, 2017.

		Investment
		Maturities
	Fair	Less Than
Investment Type	<u>Value</u>	One Year
State Treasurer Illinois Funds	\$ 781,875	\$ 781,875
Bond Mutual Fund	3,752	3,752
Total	\$ 785,627	\$ 785,627

Interest Rate Risk

The Village's formal investment policy limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. Unless tied to a specific future cash outflow, no investments may have a maturity longer than two years.

Credit Risk

The Village's investment policy is to apply the prudent-person rule: Investments are made as a prudent person would be expected to act, with discretion and intelligence, to seek reasonable income, preserve capital and, in general, avoid speculative investments. The Village's investment policy limits investment in short-term obligations of corporations organized in the United States with assets exceeding \$500,000,000 if (i) such obligations are rated at the time of purchase at one of the three highest classifications established by at least two standard rating services and which mature not later than 180 days from the date of purchase; (ii) such purchases do not exceed 10% of the corporation's outstanding obligations and; (iii) no more than one-third of the public agency's funds may be invested in short-term obligations of corporations.

Notes to financial statements April 30, 2017

NOTE 3 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Credit ratings for the Village's investments in debt securities as described by Standard & Poor's for the Illinois Funds and Moody's for the Bond Mutual Fund at April 30, 2017 are as follows:

		Percent of
	Credit	Total
Investment Type	<u>Ratings</u>	<u>Investments</u>
State Treasurer Illinois Funds	AAA	99%
Bond Mutual Fund	AAA	1%

Custodial Credit Risk

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Village will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Village's investment policy requires that all amounts in excess of any insurance limits be collateralized by securities eligible for Village investment or any other high-quality, interest-bearing security rated at least AA/Aa by one or more standard rating service to include Standard & Poor's, Moody's or Fitch. The market value of the pledge securities shall equal or exceed the portion of the deposit requiring collateralization. The Village is fully collateralized at April 30, 2017.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Village places no limit on the amount the Village may invest in any one issuer. The majority of the Village's total investments are invested in State Treasurer Illinois Funds. All of the investments are recorded in the General Fund, Motor Fuel Tax Fund, Non-Drug Seizure Fund, Tourism Fund, Park Donation Fund, Wetland Maintenance Fund, Working Cash Fund, TIF Eligible Fund, Non-Drug Seizure Fund, and 1992 G.O. Corporate Bond Fund.

Police Pension Fund's Cash and Investments

The Police Pension Fund is authorized to invest in bonds, notes, and other obligations of the U.S. government; corporate debentures and obligations; insured mortgage notes and loans; common and preferred stocks; stock options; and other investment vehicle as set forth in the Illinois Compiled Statutes.

The Police Pension Fund's policy is to maintain long-term focus on its investment decision-making process. Specifically, the Police Pension Fund's benefit liabilities extend many years into the future. As such, the investment focus should be on long-term results.

Notes to financial statements April 30, 2017

NOTE 3 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

The Police Pension Fund has the following recurring fair value measurements as of April 30, 2017:

			Fair Value Measurements Using						
			Quote	ed Prices in					
			Activ	e Markets	ificant Other	Significant			
	Tot	tal April 30,	for	Identical	0	Observable		servable	
		2017	Assets (Level 1)		Inputs (Level 2) Inp		Inputs	(Level 3)	
Corporate Bonds	\$	747,471	\$	-	\$	747,471	\$	-	
U.S. Agencies		670,345		-		670,345		-	
Mortgage Backed Securities		4,376		-		4,376		-	
State and Municipal Bonds		129,217		-		129,217		-	
Mutual Funds		15,317		15,317		-		-	
Life Insurance Annuities		315,591				315,591			
Total Investments	\$	1,882,317	\$	15,317	\$	1,867,000	\$	-	

The following was the Board's adopted asset allocation policy as of April 30, 2017:

Asset Class	Target Allocation
Fixed Income	89%
Equities	10%
Cash	1%
Total	100%

The carrying amount of cash for the Pension Trust Fund, was \$93,364 at April 30, 2017, while the bank balances were \$93,364. All account balances at banks were insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) for \$250,000.

Notes to financial statements April 30, 2017

NOTE 3 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

The following schedule reports the fair values and maturities (using the segmented time distribution method) for the Police Pension Fund's investments at April 30, 2017:

		Maturities						
Investment Types	<u>Fair Value</u>	Less Than One Year	One to Five Years	Six to Ten Years	Greater Than Ten Years			
Money Market Mutual Funds	\$ 66,308	\$ 66,308	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			
Certificates of Deposits	70,529	-	70,529	· -	· -			
Corporate Bonds	747,471	36,389	397,816	313,266	-			
U.S. Agencies	670,345	75,385	285,250	309,710	-			
Mortgage Backed Securities	4,376	-	-	325	4,051			
State and Municipal Bonds	129,217	25,804	41,688	61,725				
Total	1,688,246	\$ 203,886	\$ 795,283	\$ 685,026	\$ 4,051			
Investments not sensitive to Interest Rate Risk: Mutual Funds Life Insurance Annuities	15,317 315,591							

Interest Rate Risk

Total Investments

The Police Pension Fund's formal investment policy limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. Up to 5% of Fund assets may be invested in non-liquid long-term investments.

\$ 2,019,154

Credit Risk

The Police Pension Fund's policy requires all fixed income investments to be of investment grade quality or higher at purchase. Also, according to the provisions of the Illinois Compiled Statutes, fixed income purchases shall be limited to obligations issued or guaranteed as to principal and interest by the U.S. Government, or agency or instrumentality thereof, or to corporate and municipal issues. All securities shall be of "investment grade" quality (that is, at the time of purchase, rated no lower than "baa: by Moody's and no lower than "BBB" by Standard & Poor's). The Board, at their discretion, may impose a higher standard on an individual investment manager as circumstances or investment objectives dictate.

NOTE 3 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Credit ratings for the Police Pension Fund's investments in debt securities at April 30, 2017 (excluding investments in U.S. Treasuries, which are not considered to have credit risks) are as follows:

Investment Type	Credit Ratings	Percentage of Investment Type	Percent of Total Investments
Corporate Bonds	AA- A	15% 12%	37%
	A-	21%	
	BBB+	44%	
	BBB	8%	
U.S.Agencies	AA+	100%	33%
State and Municipal Bonds	Aaa*	32%	6%
	Aa2*	16%	
	A1*	32%	
	Baa1*	20%	

^{*}Indicates this is a Moody's Rating; all other investments rated by S&P.

Custodial Credit Risk

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Police Pension Fund will not be able to recover the value of investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

The Police Pension Fund's investment policy requires that all amounts in excess of any insurance limits be collateralized by securities eligible for fund investments or any other high-quality, interest-bearing security rated at least AAA/Aa by one or more standard rating service to include Standard & Poor's, Moody's or Fitch. The market value of the pledge securities shall equal or exceed the portion of the deposit requiring collateralization. The Police Pension Fund is fully collateralized at April 30, 2017.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Police Pension Fund places no limit on the amount the fund may invest in any one issuer. The Police Pension Fund's investments are primarily in corporate bonds, U. S. Agency notes, annuities and municipal bonds. These investments are 37%, 33%, 16% and 6% respectively, of the total Police Pension Fund's investments.

Notes to financial statements April 30, 2017

NOTE 3 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

<u>Rate of Return:</u> For the year ended April 30, 2017, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 0.59 percent. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Cash and Investments	
Cash - Village	\$ 232,896
Investments - Village	785,627
Cash - Pension Trust Fund	93,364
Investments - Pension Trust Fund	2,019,154
Total cash and investments	\$ 3,131,041

Notes to financial statements April 30, 2017

NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS

The summary of changes in the capital assets of the Village's governmental activities for the year ended April 30, 2017 is as follows:

		Balance at May 1, 2016	Additions	De	eletions		Balance at oril 30, 2017
Govermental activities:							
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	10,133,189	\$ -	\$		\$	10,133,189
Total capital assets not		_					
being depreciated		10,133,189					10,133,189
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Land improvements		643,328	10,026		_		653,354
Buildings and improvements		4,199,899	10,020		_		4,199,899
Machinery and equipment		1,184,644	112,685		46,242		1,251,087
Infrastructure		18,158,714	-		-0,2-2		18,158,714
Total capital assets		10,130,714					10,130,714
being depreciated		24,186,585	122,711		46,242		24,263,054
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Land improvements		(312,292)	(29,811)		-		(342,103)
Buildings and improvements		(1,510,810)	(83,532)		-		(1,594,342)
Machinery and equipment		(891,909)	(82,020)		20,279		(953,650)
Infrastructure		(10,501,542)	(390,796)	. <u> </u>			(10,892,338)
Total accumulated depreciation		(13,216,553)	(586,159)		20,279		(13,782,433)
Total capital access being dangerists during		10 070 022					10 400 634
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	_	10,970,032					10,480,621
Capital assets, net	\$	21,103,221				<u> </u>	20,613,810

Depreciation expense of \$586,159 was charged to the governmental activities functional expense categories as follows:

	<u>Depreciation</u>			
General government	\$	82,037		
Public safety		30,249		
Culture and recreation		54,489		
Highway and streets		419,384		
	\$	586,159		

Notes to financial statements April 30, 2017

NOTE 5 INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund receivables and payables as of April 30, 2017 are summarized below:

		Due from Other <u>Funds</u>		Due to Other Funds
Major governmental funds:	.	F2 F60	*	42.254
General	\$	53,568	\$	42,354
Nonmajor governmental funds:		42,354		53,568
	\$	95,922	\$	95,922

The interfunds represent loans of cash from funds with surplus in order to meet operating needs. The loans will be repaid among the various funds when there is sufficient cash available for payment. In addition, the General Fund has a \$612,110 liability to the Police Pension Fund that is related to prior year property tax levies that were collected by the Village but not yet paid. This amount is presented on the financial statements as a separately identified balance.

There were no transfers between funds during the fiscal year.

Notes to financial statements April 30, 2017

NOTE 6 RECEIVABLES

The following is a summary of other taxes, amounts due from governments and other receivables by fund type at April 30, 2017. Any uncollectible amount is not believed to be material.

Governmental activities:

								Total
			M	otor Fuel	S	pecial	Stat	ement of
	<u>General</u>		<u>Tax</u>		<u>Revenue</u>		Net Assets	
Taxes receivable:								
Property taxes	\$	268,642	\$	-	\$	-	\$	268,642
Franchise tax		36,473		-		-		36,473
Non-retail business tax		20,184		-		-		20,184
Hotel taxes		-		-		25,879		25,879
Total taxes receivable	\$	325,299	\$	-	\$	25,879	\$	351,178
Intergovernmental receivable:								
Illinois income tax	\$	254,347	\$	-	\$	-	\$	254,347
Illinois sales tax		420,537		-		-		420,537
Illinois local use tax		42,078		-		-		42,078
Telecommunications tax		29,394		-		-		29,394
Motor fuel tax		-		15,653				15,653
Total intergovernmental receivable	\$	746,356	\$	15,653	\$	-	\$	762,009
Accounts receivable:								
Police fines	\$	73,195	\$	-	\$	-	\$	73,195
Total accounts receivable	\$	73,195	\$	-	\$	-	\$	73,195

Notes to financial statements April 30, 2017

NOTE 7 LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of changes to the Village's long-term debt for the fiscal year:

		Balance By 1, 2016	A	dditions	De	eletions	Balance il 30, 2017	_	Oue Within One Year
South Suburban Mayors and Manager's Association Debt Certficate Payable			_						
Series of 2013	\$	278,572	\$	-	\$	55,714	\$ 222,858	\$	55,714
Capital leases									
2014 Ford vehicles		4,417		-		4,417	-		-
2016 Ford vehicles		40,982		-		16,285	24,697		17,229
Police I Record 2016		6,591		-		1,375	5,216		1,458
Phone system		-		44,707		5,614	39,093		14,226
2017 Ford F250		-		30,139		4,776	25,363		9,681
Compensated absences		135,482		32,318		-	167,800		-
Net pension liability		7,703,454		-		351,652	7,351,802		-
OPEB obligation		465,856		55,763		-	521,619		_
Total governmental									
activities	\$ 8	8,635,354	\$	162,927	\$	439,833	\$ 8,358,448	\$	98,308

South Suburban Mayors and Managers Association Debt Certificate Payable

Debt includes a \$390,000 Series 2013 Debt Certificate Payable dated December 12, 2013, due December 15, 2020, with an interest rate of 2.13%. The main purpose of the certificate is to refund the remaining principal of the \$900,000 Series 2008 Debt Certificate Payable dated April 1, 2008, due December 14, 2014. Principal payments are to be paid once per year on December 15.

Remaining principal and interest payments to maturity are as follows:

<u>Year</u>	<u>P</u> 1	<u>Principal</u>		<u>Interest</u>		<u>Total</u>	
2018	\$	55,714	\$	4,747	\$	60,461	
2019		55,714		3,560		59,274	
2020		55,714		2,373		58,087	
2021		55,716		1,190		56,906	
	\$	222,858	\$	11,870	\$	234,728	

Notes to financial statements April 30, 2017

NOTE 7 LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Capital Leases

2014 Ford Vehicles

In 2014, the Village entered into a capital lease agreement for the lease of two 2014 Ford Police Interceptor sedans. Total annual payments for the vehicles are \$19,161 with the first annual payment due on August 2, 2013. The payments are for a three-year period, after which the Village has the right to purchase the cars for \$1. As of April 30, 2017, there is no longer any outstanding debt related to these vehicles and the amount of capital assets acquired through this lease was \$53,009. Accumulated depreciation totaled \$26,504 leaving a book value of \$26,505.

2016 Ford Vehicles

In 2015, the Village entered into a capital lease agreement for the lease of two 2016 Ford Police Interceptor sedans. Total annual payments for the vehicles are \$18,183 with the first annual payment due on November 1, 2015. The payments are for a three-year period, after which the Village has the right to purchase the cars for \$1. During the year ended April 30, 2017, one of the vehicles was totaled in an automobile accident and was replaced by insurance with another 2015 Ford Police Interceptor at a cost of \$24,459. The original lease remains in effect with no changes.

As of April 30, 2017, the cost amount of the remaining vehicle acquired through this lease was \$25,152. Accumulated depreciation totaled \$4,716 leaving a book value of \$20,436. The cost amount of the replacement vehicle was \$24,459. Accumulated depreciation for that vehicle was \$1,529.

Debt service for the cars is as follows:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>		
2018	\$ 17,229	\$ 954	\$ 18,183		
2019	7,468	106	7,576		
	\$ 24,697	\$ 1,060	\$ 25,759		

2016 I-Record Digital Video/Audio System

In 2015, the Village entered into a capital lease agreement for the lease of an I-Record Digital Video/Audio Recording System. Total annual payments for the system are \$1,728 with the first annual payment due on October 15, 2015. The payments are for a five-year period, after which the Village will retain title to the system. As of April 30, 2017, the amount of capital assets acquired through this lease was \$7,500. Accumulated depreciation totaled \$1,125 leaving a book value of \$6,375.

Notes to financial statements April 30, 2017

NOTE 7 LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Debt service for the video/audio system is as follows:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Principal</u>		<u>Int</u>	<u>Interest</u>		<u>Total</u>	
2018	\$	1,458	\$	270	\$	1,728	
2019		1,547		181		1,728	
2020		1,641		87		1,728	
2021		570		7		576	
	\$	5,216	\$	545	\$	5,760	

2017 Ford Vehicle

In 2016, the Village entered into a capital lease agreement for the lease of a 2017 Ford F250 truck. Total annual payments for the vehicle are \$10,971 with the first annual payment due on December 2, 2016. The payments are for a three-year period, after which the Village has the right to purchase the cars for \$1. As of April 30, 2017, the amount of capital assets acquired through this lease was \$30,139. Accumulated depreciation totaled \$1,884 leaving a book value of \$28,255.

Debt service for the cars is as follows:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>		
2018	\$ 9,681	\$ 1,290	\$ 10,971		
2019	10,293	678	\$ 10,971		
2020	5,389	97	\$ 5,486		
	\$ 25,363	\$ 2,065	\$ 27,428		

2017 Call One Telephone Equipment

In 2016, the Village entered into a capital lease agreement for the lease of a telephone equipment system. Total annual payments for the system are \$16,727 with the first annual payment due on December 15, 2016. The payments are for a three-year period, after which the Village will retain title to the system. As of April 30, 2017, the amount of capital assets acquired through this lease was \$44,707. Accumulated depreciation totaled \$4,471 leaving a book value of \$40,236.

Notes to financial statements April 30, 2017

NOTE 7 LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Debt service for the system is as follows:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>		
2018	\$ 14,226	\$ 2,501	\$ 16,727		
2019	15,354	1,373	\$ 16,727		
2020	9,513	244	\$ 9,757		
	\$ 39,093	\$ 4,118	\$ 43,211		

Conduit Debt Obligations

The Village has issued Multi-Family Housing Mortgage Revenue Bonds to provide financial assistance to a private-sector entity for the acquisition and construction of facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured by irrevocable transferable letter of credit originally issued by LaSalle National Bank. Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of the acquired facilities transfers to the private-sector entity serviced by the bond issuance. Neither the Village, the State, nor any political subdivision thereof is obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

Legal Debt Margin

The Village is subjected to a legal debt margin of 8.625% of equalized assessed value of property in the Village. As of April 30, 2017, the equalized assessed valuation of the Village is \$132,078,613 and the legal debt margin is \$11,391,780. The Village is in compliance with this requirement.

NOTE 8 RISK MANAGEMENT

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; error and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. The Village also purchased its employee health and accident insurance from commercial carriers. There have been no significant changes in the dollar value or type of insurance coverage or any claims exceeding coverage for the last three fiscal years.

NOTE 9 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Village is a defendant in various lawsuits. One such suit involves a developer seeking payment from the Village pursuant to a redevelopment agreement. The plaintiff asserts that the Village under reported property tax and sales tax revenues and improperly deducted bond payments and administrative expenses in determining payments to the plaintiff. The court has entered summary judgment in favor of the plaintiff but, rather than entering a judgment for a specific amount, the court ordered the parties to conduct their own accounting jointly to determine the amounts actually owed. The Village believes that it is probable that they have incurred a liability of \$2.2 million which is included

Notes to financial statements April 30, 2017

NOTE 9 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES (Continued)

as claims payable in the statement of net position.

The Village also entered into an economic incentive agreement with a major retailer in 2010 providing for the rebate of a portion of sales tax to the retailer. However, payments have not been made pursuant to the agreement pending the resolution of the above lawsuit since the retailer is located within that development. In addition, any amount due under the agreement cannot be reasonably estimated at this time.

NOTE 10 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS-DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS

Plan Descriptions:

The Village contributes to three defined benefit pension plans, the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system; the Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel (SLEP), an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system affiliated with IMRF; and, the Police Pension Plan which is a single-employer pension plan. The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions, and employer contributions for the Police Pension Plan are governed by Illinois State Statutes and may be amended only by the Illinois legislature. The Village accounts for the plan as a pension trust fund which is prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Employee and employer contributions are recognized as revenues in the period in which employee services are performed. A stand-alone financial report is not issued for the plan. IMRF and SLEP benefit provisions are established by statute and may only be changed by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois. IMRF and SLEP issue a publicly available report that includes financial statements and supplementary information for the plan as a whole, but not for individual employers. The report can be obtained online at www.imrf.org.

Below is aggregate information related to all of the pension plans in total reported by the Village as of and for the year ended April 30, 2017:

Total Pension Liability	\$ 14,578,221
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	 7,226,419
Village's Net Pension Liability	 7,351,802
Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 813,368
Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,654,584
Pension Expense	1,219,424

Notes to financial statements April 30, 2017

NOTE 10 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS-DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

General Information about the Pension Plan

All employees hired in positions that meet or exceed the prescribed annual hourly standard must be enrolled in IMRF as participating members. IMRF provides two tiers of pension benefits. Employees hired prior to January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. For Tier 1 employees, pension benefits vest after eight years of service. Participating members who retire at age 55 (reduced benefits) or after age 60 (full benefits) with eight years of credited service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1 2/3% of their final rate of earnings, for each year of credited service up to 15 years, and 2% for each year thereafter. Employees hired on or after January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after ten years of service. Participating members who retire at age 62 (reduced benefits) or after age 67 (full benefits) with ten years of credited service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1 2/3% of their final rate of earnings, for each year of credited service up to 15 years, and 2% for each year thereafter.

As set by statute, the Village's Regular plan members are required to contribute 4.5% of their annual covered salary. The statutes require employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. The employer annual required contribution rate for calendar year 2016 was 17.23%. The employer actual contribution for the calendar year 2016 was 18.23%. The Village also contributes for disability benefits, death benefits, and supplemental retirement benefits, all of which are pooled at the IMRF level. Contribution rates for disability and death benefits are set by the IMRF Board of Trustees, while the supplemental retirement benefits rate is set by statute.

At December 31, 2016, the following employees were covered by the IMRF benefit terms:

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<u>IMRF</u>	
Retirees and Beneficiaries	15
Inactive, Non-retired Members	18
Active Members	20
Total	53

Notes to financial statements April 30, 2017

NOTE 10 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS-DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

Net Pension Liability

The Village's net pension liability for IMRF was measured as of December 31, 2016 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions: The total pension liability in the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Cost Method: Entry Age Normal

Inflation: 3.5% Price Inflation: 2.75%

Salary Increases: 3.75% to 14.50%

Investment Rate of Return: 7.50%

Retirement Age: Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of

eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2014 valuation

pursuant to an experience study of the period 2011-2013.

Mortality: For non-disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was

used with fully generational projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2014). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar Health Annuitant Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience. For disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2014). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table applying the same adjustments that were applied for non-disabled lives. For active members, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2014). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Employee Mortality

Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience.

There were no benefit changes during the year.

Notes to financial statements April 30, 2017

NOTE 10 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS-DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

Long Term Expected Rate of Return: The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return to the target asset allocation percentage and adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long Term
		Expected Rate
Asset Class	Target Allocation	of Return
Domestic Equity	38%	7.77%
International Equity	17%	3.54%
Fixed Income	27%	4.85%
Real Estate	8%	8.97%
Alternative Investments	9%	2.65-7.35%
Cash Equivalents	1%	2.25%
	100%	

Single Discount Rate: A Single Discount Rate of 7.50% was used to measure the total pension liability. The projection of cash flow used to determine this Single Discount Rate assumed that the plan members' contributions will be made at the current contribution rate, and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. The Single Discount Rate reflects:

- 1. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (during the period in which the fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and
- 2. The tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating (which is published by the Federal Reserve) as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate of return are not met).

For the purpose of this valuation, the expected rate of return on IMRF's pension plan investments is 7.50%; the municipal bond rate is 3.78%; and the resulting single discount rate is 7.50%.

Notes to financial statements April 30, 2017

NOTE 10 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS-DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	Increase (Decrease)			
	Total Pension	Plan Fiduciary	Net Pension	
	Liability	Net Position	Liability	
	(A)	(B)	(A) - (B)	
Balances at December 31, 2015	\$ 6,564,602	\$ 3,998,727	\$ 2,565,875	
Changes for the year:				
Service Cost	111,894	-	111,894	
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	465,169	-	465,169	
Changes of Benefit Terms	-	-	-	
Differences Between Expected and Actual				
Experience of the Total Pension Liability	121,692	-	121,692	
Changes of Assumptions	(254,234)	-	(254,234)	
Contributions - Employer	-	170,546	(170,546)	
Contributions - Employees	-	42,108	(42,108)	
Net Investment Income	-	271,657	(271,657)	
Benefit Payments, including Refunds				
of Employee Contributions	(265,663)	(265,663)	-	
Other (Net Transfer)		68,291	(68,291)	
Net Changes	178,858	286,939	(108,081)	
Balances at December 31, 2016	\$ 6,743,460	\$ 4,285,666	\$ 2,457,794	

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the IMRF plan's net pension liability, calculated using a Single Discount Rate of 7.50%, as well as what the plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a Single Discount Rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher:

	Current				
	1% Decrease (6.50%)	Discount Rate (7.50%)	1% Increase (8.50%)		
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 3,276,407	\$ 2,457,794	\$ 1,776,527		

Notes to financial statements April 30, 2017

NOTE 10 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS-DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended December 31, 2016, the Village recognized pension expense of \$423,098 related to IMRF. At December 31, 2016, the Village reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to IMRF from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual				
experience	\$	346,598	\$	-
Changes of assumptions		-		139,755
Net difference between projected and				
actual earnings on pension plan investments		186,206		-
Total Deferred Amounts to be recognized in				
pension expense in future periods		532,804		139,755
Pension Contributions made subsequent to				
the Measurement Date		90,213		_
the Meddarement bate		55,215		
Total Deferred Amounts Related to Pensions	\$	623,017	\$	139,755

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to IMRF will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	Annual
December 31	Amortization
2016	\$ 353,611
2017	70,887
2018	52,999
2019	5,765
2020	-
Thereafter	-

Notes to financial statements April 30, 2017

NOTE 10 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS-DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel

General Information about the Pension Plan

The Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel (SLEP) plan is for sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, and selected police chiefs. The plan is affiliated with IMRF. Participating members who retire at age 50 with twenty years of credited service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 2 1/2% of their final rate of earnings, for each year of credited service.

As set by statute, the Village's SLEP plan members are required to contribute 7.5% of their annual covered salary. The statutes require employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. The employer annual required contribution rate for calendar year 2016 was 15.09%. The employer actual contribution for the calendar year 2016 was 15.09%. The Village also contributes for disability benefits, death benefits, and supplemental retirement benefits, all of which are pooled at the IMRF level. Contribution rates for disability and death benefits are set by the IMRF Board of Trustees, while the supplemental retirement benefits rate is set by statute.

At December 31, 2016, the following employees were covered by the SLEP benefit terms:

<u>SLEP</u>	
Retirees and Beneficiaries	-
Inactive, Non-retired Members	-
Active Members	1_
Total	1

Notes to financial statements April 30, 2017

NOTE 10 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS-DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

Net Pension Liability

The Village's net pension liability for SLEP was measured as of December 31, 2016 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions: The total pension liability in the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Cost Method: Entry Age Normal

Inflation: 3.5% Price Inflation: 2.75%

Salary Increases: 3.75% to 14.50%

Investment Rate of Return: 7.50%

Retirement Age: Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of

eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2014 valuation

pursuant to an experience study of the period 2011-2013.

Mortality: For non-disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was

used with fully generational projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2012). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar Health Annuitant Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience. For disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2012). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table applying the same adjustments that were applied for non-disabled lives. For active members, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2012). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Employee Mortality

Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience.

There were no benefit changes during the year.

Notes to financial statements April 30, 2017

NOTE 10 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS-DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

Long Term Expected Rate of Return: The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return to the target asset allocation percentage and adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long Term
		Expected Rate
Asset Class	Target Allocation	of Return
Domestic Equity	38%	7.77%
International Equity	17%	3.54%
Fixed Income	27%	4.85%
Real Estate	8%	8.97%
Alternative Investments	9%	2.65-7.35%
Cash Equivalents	1%	2.25%
	100%	

Single Discount Rate: A Single Discount Rate of 7.50% was used to measure the total pension liability. The projection of cash flow used to determine this Single Discount Rate assumed that the plan members' contributions will be made at the current contribution rate, and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. The Single Discount Rate reflects:

- 1. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (during the period in which the fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and
- 2. The tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating (which is published by the Federal Reserve) as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate of return are not met).

For the purpose of this valuation, the expected rate of return on SLEP's pension plan investments is 7.50%; the municipal bond rate is 3.78%; and the resulting single discount rate is 7.50%.

Notes to financial statements April 30, 2017

NOTE 10 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS-DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	Increase (Decrease)						
	Tota	l Pension		Plan	Fiduciary	Net	Pension
	Liabi	ility		Net	Position	Liabi	lity
	(A)			(B)		(A) -	(B)
Balances at December 31, 2015	\$	321,382		\$	135,184	\$	186,198
Changes for the year:							
Service Cost		28,397			-		28,397
Interest on the Total Pension Liability		23,524			-		23,524
Changes of Benefit Terms		-			-		-
Differences Between Expected and Actual							
Experience of the Total Pension Liability		11,044			-		11,044
Changes of Assumptions		(21,388)			-		(21,388)
Contributions - Employer		-			21,873		(21,873)
Contributions - Employees		-			10,871		(10,871)
Net Investment Income		-			9,493		(9,493)
Benefit Payments, including Refunds							
of Employee Contributions		-			-		_
Other (Net Transfer)		-			(1,170)		1,170
Net Changes		41,577			41,067		510
Balances at December 31, 2016	\$	362,959		\$	176,251	\$	186,708

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the SLEP plan's net pension liability, calculated using a Single Discount Rate of 7.50%, as well as what the plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a Single Discount Rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher:

	Current					
	1% Decrease (6.50%)		Discount Rate (7.50%)		1% Increase (8.50%)	
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	232,376	\$	186,708	\$	148,180

Notes to financial statements April 30, 2017

NOTE 10 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS-DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended December 31, 2016, the Village recognized pension expense of \$34,371 related to SLEP. At December 31, 2016, the Village reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to SLEP from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$	11,123 11,057	\$	- 17,631
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		6,743		
Total Deferred Amounts to be recognized in pension expense in future periods Pension Contributions made subsequent to		28,923		17,631
the Measurement Date				
Total Deferred Amounts Related to Pensions	\$	28,923	\$	17,631

Pension contributions made subsequent to year end for SLEP are not considered material and are included with the payments to the IMRF plan.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to SLEP will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year End	ed		Annual		
Decembe	r 31	_	Amortizatio		
	2017	•	\$	3,474	
2	2018			3,474	
2	2019			3,476	
2	2020			1,715	
2	2021			(847)	
Therea	fter			_	

Notes to financial statements April 30, 2017

NOTE 10 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS-DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

Police Pension Plan

General Information about the Pension Plan

The Police Pension fund plan provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Covered employees hired before January 1, 2011, attaining the age of 50 or more with 20 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit of one-half of the salary attached to the rank held on the last day of service, or for one year prior to the last day, whichever is greater. The pension shall be increased by 2.5% of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years, and 1% of such salary for each additional year of service over 30 years, to a maximum of 75% of such salary. Covered employees hired on or after January 1, 2011, attaining the age of 55 with at least 10 years' creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit of 2.5% of final average salary for each year of service, with a maximum salary cap of \$106,800 as of January 1, 2011. The maximum salary cap increases each year thereafter. The monthly benefit of a police officer hired before January 1, 2011, who retires with 20 or more years of service after January 1, 1977 increases annually, following the first anniversary date of retirement and be paid upon reaching the age at least 55, by 3% of the original pension and 3% compounded annually thereafter. The monthly pension of a police officer hired on or after January 1, 2011, increases annually, following the later of the first anniversary date of retirement or the month following the attainment of age 60 but the lesser of 3% or ½ of the consumer price index. Employees with at least 10 years but less than 20 years of creditable service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced benefit.

Covered employees are required to contribute 9.91% of their base salary to the Police Pension Fund. If an employee leaves covered employment with less than 20 years of service, accumulated employee contributions may be refunded without accumulated interest. The Village is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the plan, including administrative costs, as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary. The employer contribution rate for the calendar year 2016 was 32.83%. The employer annual required contribution rate for the calendar year 2016 was 71.25%. By the year 2040, the Village's contributions must accumulate to the point where the past service cost for the Police Pension Fund is 90% funded.

At April 30, 2017, the Pension Plan membership consisted of:

Police Pension	
Retirees and Beneficiaries	7
Inactive, Non-retired Members	-
Active Members	9
Total	16

Notes to financial statements April 30, 2017

NOTE 10 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS-DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

Net Pension Liability

The Village's net pension liability for the Police Pension was measured as of April 30, 2017 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The actuarial cost method was entry age normal with a level percent of pay.

Actuarial Assumptions: The following actuarial assumptions were used to determine the total pension liability in the April 30, 2017 actuarial valuation and the prior valuation:

Actuarial Cost Method: Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method: Level dollar

Asset Valuation Method: 5-year smoothed market; no corridor

6.50%

Inflation: 1.5%

Salary Increases: Graded rates from 4.86% at age 25 to 1.12% at age 55, plus

1.50% inflation allowance

Investment Rate of Return:

Retirement Age:

	Rate of		Rate of
<u>Age</u>	<u>Retirement</u>	<u>Age</u>	<u>Retirement</u>
50	0.36	60	0.22
51	0.22	61	0.30
52	0.18	62	0.39
53	0.19	63	0.48
54	0.19	64	0.57
55	0.20	65	0.65
56	0.20	66	0.74
57	0.20	67	0.83
58	0.21	68	0.91
59	0.21	69	1.00

Mortality: Active Lives – RP 2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table (male)

with blue collar adjustment projected by Scale BB to 2015. Disabled Lives – RP 2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table (male) with blue collar adjustment projected by Scale BB to 2015

with a 150% load for participants under age 50.

Other Information: There were no benefit changes during the year.

Notes to financial statements April 30, 2017

NOTE 10 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS-DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

Long Term Expected Rate of Return: The long term expected rate of return on the Plan's investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long Term
		Expected Rate
Asset Class	Target Allocation	<u>of Return</u>
US Treasuries	8.03%	4.30%
US Agencies	39.61%	4.50%
Taxable IL Municipal Bonds	7.59%	4.50%
US Corporate Bonds	43.88%	5.00%
US Large Cap	0.37%	7.50%
US Mid Cap	0.11%	7.80%
US Small Cap	0.06%	7.50%
International Stocks	0.19%	7.80%
Emerging Market Stocks	0.08%	10.70%
Real Estate	0.04%	6.80%
Global Infrastructure	0.05%	7.30%

Single Discount Rate: The Single Discount Rate reflects:

- 1. A long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (to the extent that the plan's fiduciary position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and
- 2. A tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the plan's projected fiduciary position is insufficient to pay benefits).

For the purposes of this valuation, the expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 6.50%; the municipal bond rate is 3.86% (based upon the quarterly rate closest to but not later than the measurement date of the Bond Buyer 20-Year Bond GO Index as published by Bankrate.com 03-31-2017); and the resulting single discount rate is 6.50%.

Notes to financial statements April 30, 2017

NOTE 10 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS-DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	Increase (Decrease)				
	Total Pension	Plan Fiduciary	Net Pension		
	Liability	Net Position	Liability		
	(A)	(B)	(A) - (B)		
Balances at April 30, 2016	\$ 7,742,538	\$ 2,758,215	\$ 4,984,323		
Service Cost	162,323	-	162,323		
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	493,267	-	493,267		
Changes of Benefit Terms	-	-	-		
Differences Between Expected and Actual					
Experience of the Total Pension Liability	(590,712)	-	(590,712)		
Changes of Assumptions	-	-	-		
Contributions - Employer	-	67,397	(67,397)		
Contributions - Employees	-	223,485	(223,485)		
Net Investment Income	-	58,278	(58,278)		
Benefit Payments, including Refunds					
of Employee Contributions	(335,614)	(335,614)	-		
Other (Admin Expenses)	-	(7,259)	7,259		
Net Changes	(270,736)	6,287	(277,023)		
Balances at April 30, 2017	\$ 7,471,802	\$ 2,764,502	\$ 4,707,300		

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate:

The following presents the net pension liability related to the police pension plan of the Village calculated using the discount rate of 6.50% as well as what the Village's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.50%) or one percentage point higher (7.50%) than the current rate:

	Current			
	1% Decrease (5.50%)	Discount Rate (6.50%)	1% Increase (7.50%)	
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 5,760,079	\$ 4,707,300	\$ 3,844,603	

Notes to financial statements April 30, 2017

NOTE 10 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS-DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position can be found in the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position located in the financial section of this report.

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended April 30, 2017, the Village recognized pension expense of \$761,955 related to the police pension plan. At April 30, 2017, the Village reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$	502,034 382,766	\$	565,141 -
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Total Deferred Amounts to be recognized in pension expense in future periods	\$	117,844 1,002,644	\$	90,841

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to police pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future periods as follows:

	Total
Year Ended	Annual
April 30	Amortization
2018	\$ 125,748
2019	125,748
2020	104,567
2021	79,397
2022	58,758
Thereafter	(147,556)

Notes to financial statements April 30, 2017

NOTE 11 POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS

Plan Description

The Village provides the continuation of health care benefits and life insurance to employees who retire from the Village. Employees who terminate after reaching retirement eligibility in the plan may elect to continue their health care coverage by paying the monthly premium rate. Because the actuarial cost of health benefits for retirees exceed the average amount paid by retirees, the additional cost is paid by the Village and is the basis for the postemployment benefits (OPEB) obligation accounted for under GASB 45. A stand-alone financial report is not issued for the plan.

Par	ticipa	ant L	Jata

	Other			
	<u>Police</u>	<u>Departments</u>	<u>Total</u>	
Active participants	9	8	17	
Retired/Disabled participants	4	1	5	
	13	9	22	

Funding Policy

Funding is provided by the Village on a pay-as-you-go basis. The Village's contribution on behalf of the employees to the insurance provider was \$69,518 for 2017.

Annual OPEB cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The Village's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated on the annual required contribution. The annual required contribution represents the normal cost each year and an amount to amortize the unfunded actuarial liability over thirty years. The following table shows the components of the Village's annual OPEB cost for 2017, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the Village's net OPEB obligation:

	Other				
		<u>Police</u> <u>Depa</u>		<u>artments</u>	<u>Total</u>
	_		_		.
Annual required contribution	\$	125,337	\$	6,899	\$ 132,236
Interest on the net OPEB obligation		16,397		2,236	18,633
Adjustment to the annual required contribution)	(23,145)		(2,443)	(25,588)
Annual OPEB cost		118,589		6,692	125,281
Contribution made		(69,518)		-	(69,518)
Increase in the net OPEB obligation		49,071		6,692	55,763
Net OPEB obligation beginning of year		409,946		55,910	465,856
Net OPEB obligation end of year	\$	459,017	\$	62,602	\$ 521,619

Notes to financial statements April 30, 2017

NOTE 11 POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS (Continued)

The Village's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the OPEB obligation for 2017 was as follows:

Three-Year Trend Information					
		Percentage			
	Annual	of Annual		Net	
	OPEB	OPEB Cost		OPEB	
<u>Year Ended</u>	<u>Cost</u>	<u>Contributed</u>	<u>Ol</u>	<u>oligation</u>	
4/30/2017	\$ 125,281	24.0%	\$	521,619	
4/30/2016	125,846	27.0%		465,856	
4/30/2015	129,222	31.6%		409,528	

As of April 30, 2016 (the most recent actuarial valuation), the actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$1,741,767. The covered payroll was approximately \$1,682,247 and the ratio of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability to the covered payroll was 103.5%.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefits costs between the employer and plan member.

In the April 30, 2016 actuarial valuation, the Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method was used. Under this method, a normal cost is developed by spreading the actuarial value of benefits expected to be received by each active participant over the total working lifetime of that participant, from hire to termination, as a level percentage of pay. The actuarial assumptions included an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 8.5 percent initially, reduced to an ultimate rate of 4.5 percent after eight years. Rates include a 2.5 percent inflation assumption. The assumptions also include a 4.0 percent discount rate with 3.5 percent salary progression per year. The unfunded accrued actuarial liability is being amortized as a level dollar amount over 30 years. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 45, the Village will have an actuarial valuation done once every three years. The above information is from the most recent valuation as of April 30, 2016.

Notes to financial statements April 30, 2017

NOTE 12 PRONOUNCEMENTS ISSUED BUT NOT YET ADOPTED

The following is a description of the GASB authoritative pronouncements, which have been issued but have not yet been adopted by the Village of Orland Hills.

GASB Statement No. 73 – Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68 is effective for the Village beginning with its fiscal year ending April 30, 2018. This statement establishes requirements for defined benefit pensions that are not with the scope of Statement No. 68 as well as for the assets accumulated for purposes of providing those pensions. In addition, it establishes requirements for defined contribution pensions that are not within the scope of Statement 68. It also amends certain provisions of Statement 67 and 68 for pension plans and pensions that are within their respective scopes.

GASB Statement No. 74 – Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans is effective for the Village beginning with its fiscal year ending April 30, 2018. This statement replaces Statements No. 43 and No. 57. This statement establishes new accounting and financial reporting requirements for governments whose employees are provided with OPEB. The scope of this Statement includes OPEB plans administered through trusts that meet certain criteria.

GASB Statement No. 75 – Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions is effective for the Village beginning with its fiscal year ending April 30, 2019. This statement replaces the requirements of Statements No. 45 and No. 57 for OPEB. This statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for OPEB that is provided to the employees of state and local governmental employers.

GASB Statement No. 80 – *Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units* is effective for the Village beginning with its fiscal year ending April 30, 2018. The statement provides for additional criterion to blend a component unit that is incorporated as a not-for-profit corporation where the primary government is the sole corporate member.

GASB Statement No. 81 – *Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements* is effective for the Village beginning with its fiscal year ending April 30, 2018. The statement requires a government that receives resources to an irrevocable split-interest agreement to record assets, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the inception of the agreement. In instances where assets representing a beneficial interest to the government are administered by a third party, these assets must be recognized if the government controls the present service capacity of the beneficial interest.

GASB Statement No. 82 – Pension Issues-An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73 is effective for the Village beginning with its fiscal year April 30, 2018. The statement addresses issues related to the presentation of payroll-related measures in required supplementary information, selection of assumptions and the classification of employer-paid member contributions.

Notes to financial statements April 30, 2017

NOTE 12 PRONOUNCEMENTS ISSUED BUT NOT YET ADOPTED (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 83 – *Certain Asset Retirement Obligations* is effective for the Village beginning with its fiscal year April 30, 2020. This statement establishes criteria for determining the timing and pattern of recognition of a liability and a corresponding deferred outflow of resources for asset retirement obligations, and requires that recognition occur when the liability is both incurred and reasonably estimable.

GASB Statement No. 84 – *Fiduciary Activities* is effective for the Village beginning with its fiscal year April 30, 2020. The objective of this statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported.

GASB Statement No. 85 – *Omnibus 2017* is effective for the Village beginning with its fiscal year April 30, 2019. This statement addresses a variety of topics including issues related to blending component units, goodwill, fair value measurement and application, and postemployment benefits.

GASB Statement No. 86 – *Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues* is effective for the Village beginning with its fiscal year April 30, 2019. The primary objective of this statement is to improve consistency in accounting and financial reporting for in-substance defeasance of debt by providing guidance for transactions in which cash and other monetary assets acquired with only existing resources—resources other than the proceeds of refunding debt—are placed in an irrevocable trust for the sole purpose of extinguishing debt.

GASB Statement No. 87 – *Leases* is effective for the Village beginning with its fiscal year April 30, 2021. This statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract.

Management has not yet completed its evaluation of the impact, if any, the provisions of these GASB statements might have on its financial statements.

VILLAGE OF ORLAND HILLS, ILLINOIS

Notes to financial statements April 30, 2017

NOTE 13 MANAGEMENT'S PLAN TO REDUCE DEFICIT

Management's plans to reduce the deficit have included the restructure of a note payable to the South Suburban Mayors and Managers Association and the reduction in police overtime expenditures. Both actions have proven positive in the last fiscal year and are resulting in improved operating results. However, operating results have been adversely effected by property tax rebates granted by the Property Tax Appeal Board over the last three years which are not expected to continue. The note payable has been reduced to \$222,858.

Management's ongoing plans include the following:

- Efforts to reduce employee health insurance and workers compensation costs
- Efforts to expand the commercial business base

NOTE 14 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On October 18, 2017, the Village Board approved the issuance of a General Obligation Bond (Alternate Revenue Source), Series 2017, not to exceed \$4,000,000, and the levy of a direct annual tax sufficient to pay the principal and interest of those bonds. The purpose of the bonds is to pay outstanding claims and judgments, certain capital costs, and costs associated with the issuance of the bonds.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



VILLAGE OF ORLAND HILLS, ILLINOIS

VILLAGE OF ORLAND HILLS, ILLINOIS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2017

Other Post Employee Benefits Plan

Actuarial Valuation Date	Va	tuarial lue of ets (a)	of Liability (AAL (a) Entry Age (b)		 ifunded AAL JAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Cov	vered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll [(b- a/c)]		
4/30/2017	\$	-	\$	1,741,767	\$ 1,741,767	0.00%	\$	1,682,247	103.54%		
4/30/2016		-		1,741,767	1,741,767	0.00%		1,235,188	141.01%		
4/30/2015		N/A		N/A	N/A	0.00%		N/A	N/A		
4/30/2014		N/A		N/A	N/A	0.00%		N/A	N/A		
4/30/2013		-		1,716,083	1,716,083	0.00%		1,318,139	130.19%		
4/30/2012		-		1,120,618	1,120,618	0.00%		1,637,648	68.43%		
4/30/2011		-		1,064,955	1,064,955	0.00%		1,582,268	67.31%		

VIILAGE OF ORLAND HILLS, ILLINOIS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2017

Other Post Employment Benefit

Fiscal Year Ended	Annu	al OPEB Cost	mployer ntribution	Percentage Contributed
4/30/2017	\$	125,281	\$ 69,518	55.5%
4/30/2016		125,846	69,518	55.2%
4/30/2015		129,222	40,834	31.6%
4/30/2014		130,093	50,085	38.5%
4/30/2013		130,974	57,259	43.7%
4/30/2012		89,960	29,416	32.7%
4/30/2011		90,722	27,035	29.8%

VILLAGE OF ORLAND HILLS, ILLINOIS POLICE PENSION FUND

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN VILLAGE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS APRIL 30, 2017

Last 10 Fiscal Years

			2031 20 113001 10							
	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
Total Pension Liability										
Service cost	\$ 162,323	\$ 153,180	\$ 167,303	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Interest	493,266	479,297	370,461	-	-	-	-	-	_	-
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	(590,711)	(66,773)	818,012	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Changes of assumptions	-	-	623,630	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of member										
contributions	(335,614)	(363,616)	(255,437)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	(270,736)	202,088	1,723,970	-		-	-	-		-
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	7,742,538	7,540,450	5,816,480	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$ 7,471,802	\$ 7,742,538	\$ 7,540,450	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Plan Eidusiany Nat Position										
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions - employer	\$ 223,485	\$ 322,487	\$ 196,026	\$ -	\$ -	ė	ċ	خ	Ś -	\$ -
Contributions - employer Contributions - member	\$ 223,463 67,397	3 322,487 92,744	59,471	Ş -	ş -	ş -	.	Ş -	Ş -	ş -
Net investment income	58,278	55,404	64,387	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Benefit payments, including refunds of member	30,270	33,404	04,367	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
contributions	(335,614)	(363,616)	(255,437)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Other	(7,259)	(16,481)	(34,764)	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position	\$ 6,287	\$ 90,538	\$ 29,683	<u>\$</u> -	<u> </u>	\$ -	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u> -	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Net change in Fluctiary Net Position	۷ 0,207	\$ 50,556	22,003	· ·	y -	, -	y -	, -	, -	, -
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	2,758,215	2,667,677	2,637,994	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$ 2,764,502	\$ 2,758,215	\$ 2,667,677	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a)-(b)	\$ 4,707,300	\$ 4,984,323	\$ 4,872,773	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
		+ 1,001,000	+ 1/51 = /1115	<u>*</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>*</u>			
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of	27.000/	25 620/	25 200/	0.000/	0.000/	0.000/	0.000/	0.000/	0.000/	0.000/
the Total Pension Liability	37.00%	35.62%	35.38%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 680,763	\$ 639,223	\$ 639,223	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered-										
Employee Payroll	691.47%	779.75%	762.30%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

VILLAGE OF ORLAND HILLS, ILLINOIS POLICE PENSION FUND SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE VILLAGE CONTRIBUTIONS APRIL 30, 2017

Last	10	Fiscal	Years

	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
Actuarially Determined Contribution Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined	\$ 485,039	\$ 494,931	\$ 489,901	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contribution Contribution Deficiency (Excess) Covered-Employee Payroll	223,485 \$ 261,554 \$ 680,763	322,487 \$ 172,444 \$ 639,223	196,026 \$ 293,875 \$ 639,223	\$ - \$ -						
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	32.83%	50.45%	30.67%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation Date: Actuarially determined contribution are calculated as of May 1 each year, which is 12 months prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported

Rate of

Actuarial Cost Method: Entry age normal Amortization Method: Level dollar

Asset Valuation Method: 5-year smoothed market; no corridor

Inflation: 1.5%

Retirement Age:

Salary Increases: Graded rates from 4.86% at age 25 to 1.12% at age 55, plus 1.5% inflation allowance

Investment Rate of Return: 6.5%

Age	Retirement	Age	Retirement
50	0.36	60	0.22
51	0.22	61	0.30
52	0.18	62	0.39
53	0.19	63	0.48
54	0.19	64	0.57
55	0.20	65	0.65
56	0.20	66	0.74

Mortality: Active Lives: RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table (male), with blue collar adjustment projected by Scale BB to 2015

0.20

0.21

0.21

57

58

59

Rate of

Disabled Lives: RP2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table (male) with blue collar adjustment projected by Scale BB to 2015 with a 150% load for participants under age 50

67

68

69

Other Information: There were no benefit changes during the year

Information is presented for those years for which it was available

0.83

0.91

1.00

VILLAGE OF ORLAND HILLS, ILLINOIS POLICE PENSION FUND SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS APRIL 30, 2017

Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
Annual Money-Weighted Rate of										
Return, Net of Investment Expense	0.59%	2.70%	3.13%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

VILLAGE OF ORLAND HILLS, ILLINOIS ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN VILLAGE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS APRIL 30, 2017

			Last 10 Fiscal	Years						
	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Total Pension Liability										
Service cost	\$ 111,894	\$ 136,139	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Interest	465,169	394,500	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	121,692	696,883	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Changes of assumptions	(254,234)	90,802	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of member										
contributions	(265,665)	(194,351)								
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	178,857	1,123,974	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	6,564,603	5,440,629	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$ 6,743,460	\$ 6,564,603	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Plan Fiduciary Net Position										
Contributions - employer	\$ 170,546	\$ 207,168	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions - member	42,108	62,715	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	_
Net investment income	271,657	19,092	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of member	,	,								
contributions	(265,663)	(194,351)	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-
Other	68,291	123,547	_	_	_	_	-	-	_	_
Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position	\$ 286,939	\$ 218,171	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	3,998,727	3,780,556	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	_
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$ 4,285,666	\$ 3,998,727	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a)-(b)	\$ 2,457,794	\$ 2,565,876	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the										
Total Pension Liability	63.55%	60.91%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Covered-Employee Payroll Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered-	\$ 935,738	\$ 929,074	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Employee Payroll	262.66%	276.18%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Notes to Schedule:

Information is presented for those years for which it was available

VILLAGE OF ORLAND HILLS, ILLINOIS ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE VILLAGE CONTRIBUTIONS APRIL 30, 2017

			Last 10 Fisca	al Years						
	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$ 161,228	\$ 179,869	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution Contribution Deficiency (Excess) Covered-Employee Payroll	170,546 \$ (9,318) \$ 935,738	\$ (27,299) \$ 929,074	\$ - \$ -	\$ - \$ -	<u>-</u> \$ - \$ -	\$ - \$ -				
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered- Employee Payroll	18.23%	22.30%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation Date: Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 each year, which is 12 months prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported

Actuarial Cost Method: Aggregate entry age normal Amortization Method: Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining Amortization Period: 27-year closed period until period reaches 15 years (then 15-year rolling period)

Asset Valuation Method: 5-year smoothed market; 20% corridor

Wage Growth: 3.50% Inflation: 2.75%

Salary Increases: 3.75% to 14.50%, including inflation

Investment Rate of Return: 7.5%

Retirement Age: Experience based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition; last updated for the 2014 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2011 to 2013 Mortality: For non-disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2012). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar Health Annuitant Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience. For disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2012). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table applying the same adjustment that were applied for non-disabled lives. For active members, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2012). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience.

Other Information: There were no benefit changes during the year

Information is presented for those years for which it was available

VILLAGE OF ORLAND HILLS, ILLINOIS SHERIFF'S LAW ENFORCEMENT PERSONNEL

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN VILLAGE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS APRIL 30, 2017

			Last 10 Fisc	cal Years						
	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Total Pension Liability										
Service cost	\$ 28,397	\$ 25,198	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Interest	23,524	20,039	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	11,044	2,997	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Changes of assumptions	(21,390)	16,411	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of										
member contributions										
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	41,576	64,646	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	321,383	256,737								
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$ 362,959	\$ 321,383	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	<u>\$ -</u>
Plan Fiduciary Net Position										
Contributions - employer	\$ 21,873	\$ 19,183	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions - member	10,871	10,104	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net investment income	9,493	662	-	_	-	-	-	-	_	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of	•									
member contributions	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-
Other	(1,170)	(12,479)	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position	\$ 41,067	\$ 17,470	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	135,184	117,714	-	_	-	_	-	_	_	_
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$ 176,251	\$ 135,184	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a)-(b)	\$ 186,708	\$ 186,199	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	48.56%	42.06%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Covered-Employee Payroll Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of	\$ 144,944	\$ 134,720	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered-Employee Payroll	128.81%	138.21%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Notes to Schedule:

Information is presented for those years for which it was available

VILLAGE OF ORLAND HILLS, ILLINOIS SHERIFF'S LAW ENFORCEMENT PERSONNEL SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE VILLAGE CONTRIBUTIONS APRIL 30, 2017

	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$ 21,872	\$ 19,184	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - \$	-	\$ -
Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution	21,873	19,183	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ (1)	\$ 1	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - \$	-	\$ -
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 144,944	\$ 134,720	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - \$	-	\$ -
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	15.09%	14.24%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation Date: Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 each year, which is 12 months prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported

Actuarial Cost Method: Aggregate entry age normal Amortization Method: Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining Amortization Period: 27-year closed period until period reaches 15 years (then 15-year rolling period)

Asset Valuation Method: 5-year smoothed market; 20% corridor

Wage Growth: 3.5% Inflation: 2.75%

Salary Increases: 3.75% to 14.50%, including inflation

Investment Rate of Return: 7.5%

Retirement Age: Experience based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition; last updated for the 2014 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2011 to 2013 Mortality: For non-disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2012). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar Health Annuitant Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience. For disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2012). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table applying the same adjustment that were applied for non-disabled lives. For active members, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2012). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience.

Other Information: There were no benefit changes during the year

VILLAGE OF ORLAND HILLS, ILLINOIS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

GENERAL FUND AND MOTOR FUEL TAX FUND YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2017

		G	eneral Fund				N	/loto	or Fuel Tax Fu	ınd	
	Original and			Var	iance Over	Oı	riginal and			Vari	ance Over
	Final Budget		Actual	(Ur	nder) Final	Fir	nal Budget		Actual	(Un	der) Final
Revenues			_				_				
Taxes	\$ 1,385,247	\$	1,556,082	\$	170,835	\$	24,000	\$	24,260	\$	260
Licenses and permits	182,840		175,682		(7,158)		-		-		-
Intergovernmental	2,584,273		2,162,652		(421,621)		185,159		181,320		(3,839)
Fees and charges for services	650,333		730,362		80,029		-		-		-
Fines	359,000		404,429		45,429		-		-		-
Investment income	275		2,590		2,315		75		1,038		963
Other revenues	100,072		182,057		81,985		-		18,637		18,637
Total revenues	5,262,040		5,213,854		(48,186)		209,234		225,255		16,021
Expenditures											
Administration	801,213		1,154,201		352,988		_		_		_
Building and zoning department	145,871		161,872		16,001		_		_		_
Police department	2,439,428		2,406,538		(32,890)		_		_		_
Fire and police commission	1,000		375		(625)		_		_		_
ESDA	2,021		1,684		(337)		_		_		_
Parks and recreation	543,302		524,425		(18,877)		_		_		_
Orland Towne Village festival	27,000		21,150		(5,850)		_		_		_
Concession stand/ seniors	4,980		3,052		(1,928)		_		_		_
Special transportation	82,264		86,244		3,980		_		_		_
Highway and streets	738,713		666,727		(71,986)		120,324		129,223		8,899
Flood prevention	-		3,403		3,403		,		,		-
Capital outlay	290,000		28,595		(261,405)		230,000		223,606		(6,394)
Debt service - principal retired	55,714		88,181		32,467		-		-		(0,00 .,
Debt service - interest and fees	6,037		10,284		4,247		_		_		_
Total expenditures	5,137,543		5,156,731		19,188		350,324		352,829		2,505
Form (Defining) of December											
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	124,497		57,123		(67,374)		(141,090)		(127,574)		13,516
Over Experiatures	124,437		37,123		(07,374)		(141,030)	_	(127,374)		13,310
Other Financing Sources/(Uses)											
Capital lease proceeds	-		74,846		74,846		-		-		-
Transfers in	427,000		-		(427,000)		-		-		-
Transfers out	(551,000)		-		551,000		-		-		-
Total other financing sources	(124,000)		74,846		198,846		-		-		-
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 497		131,969	\$	131,472	\$	(141,090)		(127,574)	\$	13,516
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year			(1,019,776)						342,982		
Fund Balances - End of Year		\$	(887,807)					\$	215,408		

VILLAGE OF ORLAND HILLS, ILLINOIS

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION April 30, 2017

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

BUDGETARY DATA

A budget to actual comparison is presented for the General fund and major special revenue funds. The budget is prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is the same basis used in reporting the governmental funds financial statements.

All departments of the Village submit requests for appropriation so that an appropriation ordinance may be prepared. The appropriation ordinance is prepared by fund, function, and activity, and includes information on the past year, current year estimates, and requested appropriations for the next fiscal year.

The proposed appropriation ordinance is presented to the governing body for review. The governing body holds public hearings and may add to, subtract from, or change appropriations. All appropriations are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The appropriation ordinance may be amended by the governing body.

Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriation allocations at the fund level.

The Village also adopts an operating budget, which is used as a management tool.

NOTE 2 - EXPENDITURES OVER BUDGET

The following funds have an excess of actual expenditures over budget for the year ended April 30, 2017:

<u>Fund</u>	Amount
General	\$ 19,188
MFT	\$ 2,505
Integrity Fund III	\$ 1,315
Police Pension	\$ 24,949
Tourism	\$ 15,334

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



VILLAGE OF ORLAND HILLS, ILLINOIS

VILLAGE OF ORLAND HILLS, ILLINOIS GENERAL FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2017

	Orig	inal and Final Budget	Actual	Variance Over (Under) Final Budget		
enues			 			
Taxes						
Property tax	\$	351,000	\$ 548,263	\$	197,263	
Non home-rule sales tax		630,495	609,736		(20,759)	
Telecommunication utility tax		148,956	127,916		(21,040)	
Nonretail business tax		198,948	210,135		11,187	
Vehicle lease tax		55,848	60,032		4,184	
Total taxes		1,385,247	1,556,082		170,835	
Licenses and permits						
Vehicle licenses		69,990	71,401		1,411	
Liquor licenses		31,000	32,550		1,550	
Other licenses and permits		14,850	7,904		(6,946)	
Business licenses		42,000	39,360		(2,640)	
Contractor licenses		25,000	24,467		(533)	
Total licenses and permits		182,840	175,682		(7,158)	
Intergovernmental revenues						
Personal property replacement tax		3,830	4,097		267	
State income tax		739,921	675,757		(64,164)	
State sales tax		1,672,021	1,306,528		(365,493)	
Use tax		168,501	176,270		7,769	
Total intergovernmental revenues		2,584,273	2,162,652		(421,621)	
Fees and charges for services						
Franchise fees		410,668	441,863		31,195	
Permit and inspection fees		62,000	123,031		61,031	
Recreation fees		119,330	99,544		(19,786)	
Video provider fee		37,135	33,199		(3,936)	
Other fees and charges		21,200	32,725		11,525	
Total fees and charges for services		650,333	 730,362		80,029	
Fines						
Police fines		284,000	335,183		51,183	
Miscellaneous fines		75,000	69,246		(5,754)	
Total fines		359,000	404,429		45,429	
Investment income		275	 2,590		2,315	
Other revenue						
Donations		27,200	29,005		1,805	
Reimbursements		-	73,341		73,341	
Miscellaneous		72,872	79,711		6,839	
Total other revenue		100,072	182,057		81,985	
Total revenues	\$	5,262,040	\$ 5,213,854	\$	(48,186)	

VILLAGE OF ORLAND HILLS, ILLINOIS

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULES OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2017

	_	al and Final audget		Actual	Variance Over (Under) Final Budget		
penditures					(0	,	
General Government							
Administration							
Personal services	\$	514,308	\$	760,376	\$	(246,068	
Contractual		223,805		317,484		(93,679	
Commodities		60,100		66,864		(6,764	
Capital outlay		3,000		9,477		(6,477	
Total administration		801,213		1,154,201		(352,988	
Building & zoning department							
Personal services		116,658		117,303		(645	
Contractual		18,931		29,067		(10,136	
Commodities		8,290		6,134		2,156	
Capital outlay		1,992		9,368		(7,376	
Total building & zoning department		145,871		161,872		(16,001	
Total general government		947,084		1,316,073		(368,989	
Public Safety							
Police department							
Personal services		1,769,436		1,840,677		(71,241	
Contractual		545,974		439,435		106,539	
Commodities		91,950		90,662		1,288	
Capital outlay		32,068		35,764		(3,696	
Total police department		2,439,428		2,406,538		32,890	
Fire and Police Commission							
Contractual		1,000		-		1,000	
Commodities		-		375		(375	
Total fire and police commission		1,000		375		625	
ESDA							
Personal services		1,255		1,162		93	
Contractual		466		222		244	
Commodities		300		300		-	
Total ESDA		2,021		1,684		337	
Total public safety		2,442,449		2,408,597		33,852	
Culture and Recreation							
Parks and recreation							
Personal services		349,974		343,294		6,680	
Contractual		81,178		73,926		7,252	
Commodities		108,250		95,809		12,441	
Capital outlay		3,900		11,396		(7,496	
Total parks and recreation		543,302	-	524,425		18,877	

VILLAGE OF ORLAND HILLS, ILLINOIS GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULES OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2017

	_	al and Final Budget	Actual	Variance Over (Under) Final Bud		
Culture and Recreation (Continued)						
Orland Towne Village festival						
Commodities	\$	27,000	\$ 21,150	\$	5,850	
Concession stand/seniors						
Personal services		156	152		4	
Contractual		324	332		(8	
Commodities		4,500	2,568		1,932	
Total concession stand/seniors		4,980	3,052		1,928	
Special transportation						
Personal services		70,888	70,476		412	
Contractual		4,959	4,591		368	
Commodities		5,217	2,526		2,691	
Capital outlay		1,200	8,651		(7,451	
Total special transportation		82,264	86,244		(3,980	
Total culture and recreation		657,546	 634,871		22,675	
Highways and Streets						
Public works						
Personal services		523,097	491,097		32,000	
Contractual		121,424	106,544		14,880	
Commodities		75,700	28,824		46,876	
Capital outlay		18,492	 40,262		(21,770	
Total public works		738,713	666,727		71,986	
Flood Prevention			3,403		(3,403	
Total highways and streets		738,713	 670,130		68,583	
Capital Outlay		290,000	 28,595		261,405	
Debt Service - Principal Retired		55,714	88,181		(32,467	
Debt Service - Interest and Fees		6,037	10,284		(4,247	
Total expenditures	\$	5,137,543	\$ 5,156,731	\$	(19,188	

VILLAGE OF ORLAND HILLS, ILLINOIS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS APRIL 30, 2017

		onmajor ial Revenue Funds	De	bt Service Funds		l Nonmajor ernmental Funds
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	88,762	\$	-	\$	88,762
Short-term investments Receivables		8,692		109		8,801
Hotel taxes		25,879		-		25,879
Due from other funds		42,354		-		42,354
Total assets	\$	165,687	\$	109	\$	165,796
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	4,917	\$	_	\$	4,917
Due to other funds	Y	-,517	Y	53,568	7	53,568
Total liabilities		4,917		53,568		58,485
Fund balances (deficits) Restricted, reported in						
Special revenue funds		28,812		-		28,812
Debt service funds		-		108		108
Assigned		131,958		-		131,958
Unassigned		-		(53,567)		(53,567)
Total fund balances (deficits)		160,770		(53,459)		107,311
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balance	\$	165,687	\$	109	\$	165,796

VILLAGE OF ORLAND HILLS, ILLINOIS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2017

	onmajor ial Revenue Funds		t Service Funds	l Nonmajor ernmental Funds
Revenues	_	'		_
Hotel taxes	\$ 113,725	\$	-	\$ 113,725
Investment income	190		-	190
Other revenue	4,649		-	4,649
Total revenues	118,564		-	 118,564
Expenditures				
Administration	106,334		-	106,334
Police department	2,751		-	2,751
Total expenditures	109,085		-	109,085
Net Change in Fund Balances	 9,479			9,479
Fund Balances (Deficit)				
Beginning of year	 151,291		(53,459)	 97,832
End of year	\$ 160,770	\$	(53,459)	\$ 107,311

VILLAGE OF ORLAND HILLS, ILLINOIS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS APRIL 30, 2017

									SPE	CIAL R	VENUE F	UNDS									
	Integrity Fund I		Integrity Fund III		Tourism Fund	Dor	ark nation und	Mair	etland ntenance Fund		orking h Fund	Ser	pecial vice Area Fund		on-Drug ure Fund		Eligible Fund	x Rebate Fund	Rev	rnate enue ind	 Total
Assets																					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 20,166	õ	\$ 15	\$	66,033	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,547	\$	-	\$ -	\$	1	\$ 88,762
Short-term investments	-		-		2,609		1,497		1,600		571		-		336		2,079	-		-	8,692
Receivables																					
Hotel taxes	-		-		25,879		-		-		-		-		-		-	-		-	25,879
Due from other funds	-		-		11,066		-		-		-		-		-		-	31,288		-	42,354
Total assets	\$ 20,160	õ	\$ 15	\$	105,587	\$	1,497	\$	1,600	\$	571	\$	-	\$	2,883	\$	2,079	\$ 31,288	\$	1	\$ 165,687
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,																					
and Fund Balances																					
Liabilities																					
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$ -	\$	4,917	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 4,917
Total liabilities		= ;	-	_	4,917		-		-		-		-		-		-	-		-	4,917
Fund balances (deficits)																					
Restricted	20,166	5	15		-		1,497		1,600		571		-		2,883		2,079			1	28,812
Assigned		-	-		100,670		-		-		-		-		-		-	31,288		-	131,958
Total fund balance	20,160	õ	15		100,670		1,497		1,600		571		-		2,883		2,079	31,288		1	160,770
Total liabilities, deferred inflows																					
of resources and fund balances	\$ 20,160	5	\$ 15	\$	105,587	\$	1,497	\$	1,600	# \$	571	# \$;	# _\$	2,883	‡ \$	2,079	\$ 31,288	\$	1	\$ 165,687

VILLAGE OF ORLAND HILLS, ILLINOIS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2017

						SPECIAL REVEN	NUE FUNDS					
					Wetland						<u> </u>	
	Integrity	Integrity		Park Donation	Maintenance	Working	Special Service	Non-Drug Seizure	TIF Eligible	Tax Rebate	Alternate	
	Fund I	Fund III	Tourism Fund	Fund	Fund	Cash Fund	Area Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Revenue Fund	Total
Revenues												
Hotel tax	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 113,725	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 113,725
Investment income	44	-	115	8	7	3	-	6	7	-	-	190
Other revenue	3,334	1,315	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,649
Total revenues	3,378	1,315	113,840	8	7	3	-	6	7			118,564
Expenditures												
Administration	-	-	106,334	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	106,334
Police department	1,436	1,315	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,751
Total expenditures	1,436	1,315	106,334		-		-	-	-			109,085
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,942		7,506	8	7	3		6	7			9,479
Fund Balances (Deficits)												
Beginning of year	18,224	15	93,164	1,489	1,593	568		2,877	2,072	31,288	1	151,291
End of year	\$ 20,166	\$ 15	\$ 100,670	\$ 1,497	\$ 1,600	\$ 571	\$ -	\$ 2,883	\$ 2,079	\$ 31,288	\$ 1	\$ 160,770

VIILAGE OF ORLAND HILLS, ILLINOIS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET DEBT SERVICE FUNDS APRIL 30, 2017

	Incremental Sales Corporate Bond Tax Fund Fund					Total		
Assets								
Short-term investments	\$	1	\$	108	\$	109		
Liabilities and Fund Balances								
Liabilities								
Due to other funds		53,568		<u>-</u>		53,568		
Total liabilities		53,568				53,568		
Fund balances								
Restricted				108		108		
Unassigned		(53,567)		-		(53,567)		
Total fund balances		(53,567)		108		(53,459)		
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	1	\$	108	\$	109		

VILLAGE OF ORLAND HILLS, ILLINOIS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - DEBT SERVICE FUNDS YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2017

	remental s Tax Fund	Corpor	2 G.O. rate Bond und	Total
Revenues	\$ <u>-</u>	\$		\$
Expenditures				
Net Change in Fund Balances				
Fund Balances (Deficits)				
Beginning of year	 (53,567)		108	(53,459)
End of year	\$ (53,567)	\$	108	\$ (53,459)

STATISTICAL SECTION



VILLAGE OF ORLAND HILLS, ILLINOIS

VILLAGE OF ORLAND HILLS, ILLINOIS GENERAL PROPERTY TAX DATA LAST TEN YEARS (Unaudited)

	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Assessed Valuation	\$ 132,078,613	\$ 128,035,438	\$ 131,289,244	\$ 135,063,473	\$ 143,633,188	\$ 155,343,519	\$ 181,065,140	\$ 169,916,160	\$ 154,791,619	\$ 139,502,747
Tax Rate General	0.423	0.433	0.418	0.400	0.369	0.331	0.278	0.269	0.280	0.279
Gross Levy General	558,063	554,393	548,789	540,254	529,320	513,365	503,858	456,555	444,960	411,821